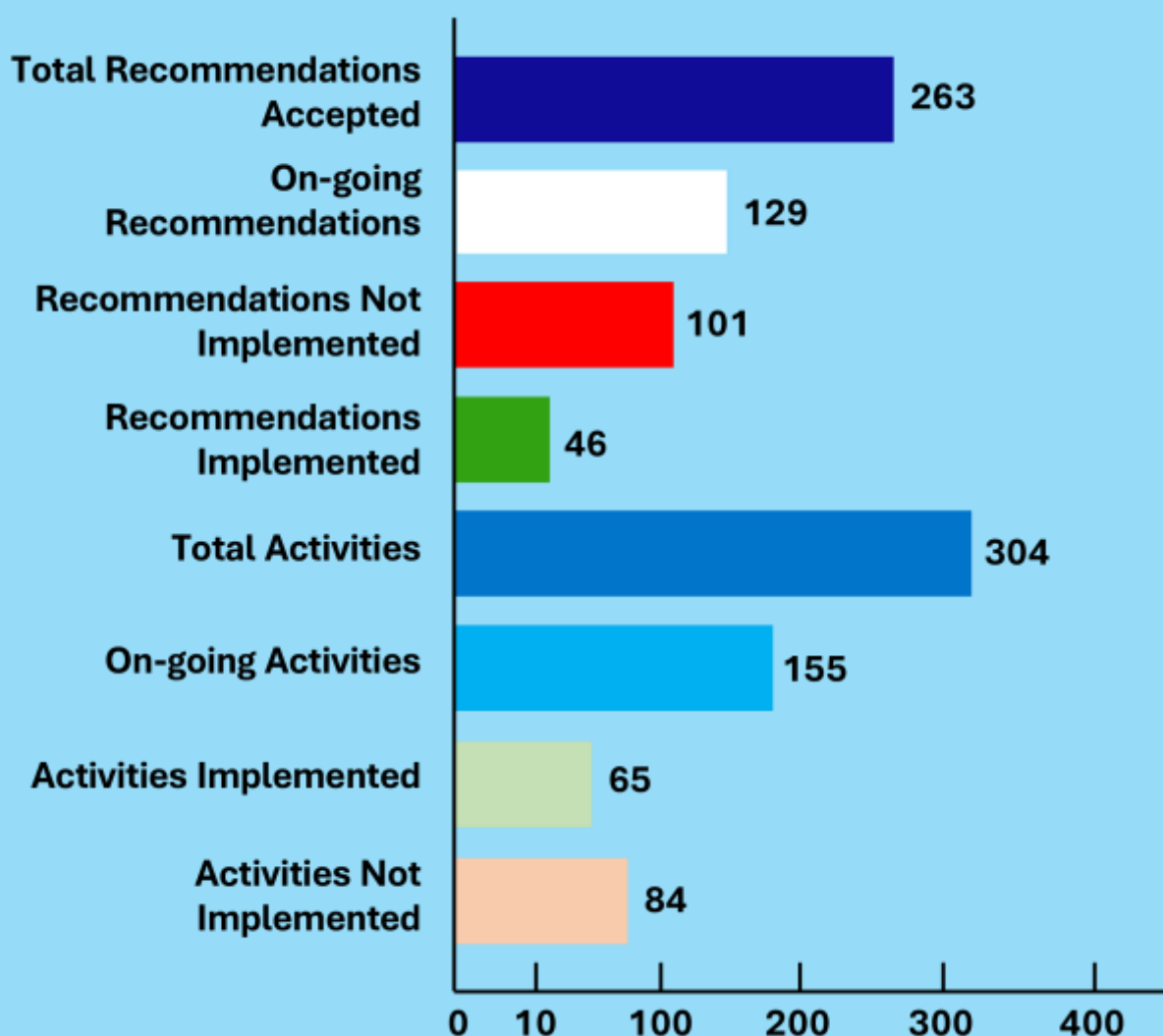




National Human Rights Commission

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF THE 3rd STATUS REPORT ON THE MONITORING OF THE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN TO THE GOVERNMENT'S WHITE PAPER ON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE TRRC

JUNE 2025 – DECEMBER 2025



IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE 2023-2027

**SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF THE 3rd STATUS REPORT ON THE
MONITORING OF THE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN TO THE GOVERNMENT'S
WHITE PAPER ON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE TRRC 2023-2027**

JUNE 2025 – DECEMBER 2025

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

ADRS	Alternative Dispute Resolution Secretariat
ANEKED	African Network against Extrajudicial Killings and Enforced Disappearances
CSO	Civil Society Organisation
CRC	Constitutional Review Commission
DCAF	Geneva Centre for Security Sector Governance
GAF	Gambia Armed Forces
GPF	Gambia Police Force
GPU	Gambia Press Union
GRTS	Gambia Radio and Television Services
ICCPR	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
ICTJ	International Centre for Transitional Justice
IHL	International Humanitarian Law
IHRL	International Human Rights Law
IP	Implementation Plan
JPC	Joint Peace Committee
LRC	Law Reform Commission
MoFA	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
MoFEA	Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs
MoHERST	Ministry of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology
Mol	Ministry of Interior
Molnf	Ministry of Information
MoJ	Ministry of Justice
MoGCSW	Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Welfare
MoLRGRA	Ministry of Local Government, Regional Governance and Religious Affairs
MoBSE	Ministry of Basic and Secondary Education
MoD	Ministry of Defence
NA	National Assembly
NAQAA	National Accreditation and Quality Assurance Authority
NCAC	National Centre for Arts and Culture
NCCE	National Council for Civic Education
NHRC	National Human Rights Commission
NRS	National Records Service
NYC	National Youth Council
OHCHR	Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
OIC	Organisation of Islamic Conference

ONS	Office of the National Security
OP	Office of the President
PRC	Peace and Reconciliation Commission
RC	Reparations Commission
RF-NDP	Recovery-Focused National Development Plan
SAM	Special Accountability Mechanism
SGBV	Sexual and Gender-Based Violence
SPO	Special Prosecutor's Office
SSR	Security Sector Reform
TRRC	Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations Commission
UN	United Nations
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
WAVE	Women's Association for Victims' Empowerment
WILL	Women in Liberation and Leadership

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) wishes to extend its sincere appreciation to all institutions and partners who contributed to the preparation of the Supplementary Report to the 3rd Status Report on the Implementation of the Government White Paper on the Report of the Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations Commission (TRRC).

In particular, the Commission acknowledges the invaluable support and collaboration of the Ministry of Justice through the Post-TRRC Unit, whose coordination and technical guidance were instrumental in the preparation of this Report.

We also express our gratitude to the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights and the UN Peacebuilding Fund for their continued partnership, which has greatly contributed to the NHRC carrying out its monitoring and reporting functions.

Sincere appreciation is extended to the Government of The Gambia for its commitment to implementing the White Paper. The contributions of all the Implementing Entities¹, Civil Society Organisations, and victim-led groups who shared information and participated actively in the finalisation of this report are highly appreciated. Their engagement ensures this Report adequately reflects the status of implementation in the journey toward justice, accountability, healing and reconciliation in The Gambia.

¹ These are the Government Ministries, Departments and Agencies implementing activities in the Implementation Plan

FOREWORD

The implementation of the recommendations of the Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations Commission (TRRC) remains a central pillar of The Gambia's ongoing transitional justice process. It represents not only a commitment to address past human rights violations, but also an obligation to victims, survivors, and the wider Gambian society to ensure accountability, reparations, institutional reform, and guarantees of non-repetition. It is within this context that the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) presents this Supplementary Report to the 3rd Status Report on the Monitoring of the Implementation Plan of the Government's White Paper on the Report of the TRRC, covering the period June 2025 to December 2025.

This Supplementary Report responds to the adjustment of the reporting cycle to align with the Government's Implementation Plan timeline and provides an updated assessment of progress made during the period under review. Building on the findings of the initial 3rd Status Report published in 2025, the Report offers a structured and evidence-based evaluation of the extent to which the Government and other implementing entities have advanced the implementation of the accepted TRRC recommendations across all thematic areas.

The findings of this Report reflect a mixed picture. On the one hand, there are clear signs of progress, including the enactment of key legislation such as the Criminal Offences Act, 2025, and the Criminal Procedure Act, 2025, as well as the operationalisation of the Reparations Commission. These developments mark important milestones in the pursuit of justice, accountability, and redress for victims. On the other hand, the Report underscores persistent gaps, with a significant number of activities and recommendations remaining either ongoing or not yet implemented.

Of particular concern is the growing perception gap highlighted by the 2025 Victim and Victim-Led Organisations Perception Survey, which points to increasing public scepticism regarding the pace and depth of implementation, especially in relation to accountability and reparations. These perceptions serve as an important reminder that the success of the transitional justice process will ultimately be measured not only by policies, laws, and institutions, but by the lived experiences of victims and the extent to which they feel that justice has been delivered.

The NHRC remains steadfast in its statutory mandate to independently monitor, assess, and report on the implementation of the Government's White Paper. In carrying out this role, the Commission has continued to engage closely with implementing entities, civil society organisations, victim-led groups, and development partners. This collaborative approach is essential to ensuring that monitoring remains credible, inclusive, and responsive to emerging challenges.

As the Implementation Plan approaches its final phase, this Report should serve as both a progress update and a call to action. There is an urgent need to accelerate implementation, address resource and capacity constraints, strengthen inter-institutional coordination, and enhance public communication. The commitments made in the White Paper represent promises to victims and to the nation as a whole—and fulfilling them is indispensable to consolidating democracy, the rule of law, and respect for human rights in The Gambia.

The Commission expresses its appreciation to all stakeholders who contributed information and insights to this Report and reaffirms its commitment to continued monitoring and engagement until the objectives of the transitional justice process are fully realised.

INTRODUCTION

This report is a Supplementary Report to the 3rd Status Report, published in 2025, covering June 2025 to December 2025. This Report is prepared as the reporting period for the Status Report has been changed from May of the previous year to May of the reporting year. Effective 2026, the new reporting period will now cover implementation from January to December, to align with the Implementation Plan of the Government White Paper on the Report of the TRRC. This approach ensures harmonises reporting with the Implementation Plan to ensure appropriate reporting of the implemented activities under the Plan. Similar to the initial 2025 Status Report, all reports will now track progress based on the structured framework set by the Implementation Plan. Additionally, to ensure alignment with the White Paper, the report will track implementation by the Government as detailed in the White Paper.

Implementation of nearly half of the 304 activities—155 activities—is currently ongoing. This indicates that half of all planned actions remain under implementation. While the high proportion of ongoing activities reflects steady engagement across thematic areas, it also underscores the need for sustained follow-up, strengthened coordination, and enhanced resource allocation.

Completed activities account for 65 activities, demonstrating some progress and showing that more than one-fifth of all planned interventions have been successfully implemented. These achievements contribute positively to overall performance. In contrast, 84 activities remain unimplemented, representing a significant gap, reiterating the need for commitment to the implementation process.

The Report further highlights that 46 recommendations of the Government White Paper on the Report of the TRRC have been fully implemented. While this is a positive result, it also points to the need for intensified action to accelerate the implementation of the remaining 217 recommendations. This need is reiterated by the 2025 study commissioned by the NHRC on Victim and Victim Led Organisation Perception Survey Report on the Implementation of the Government White Paper on the Report of the Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations

Commission (TRRC)². The findings of the study reveal both recognition of progress and deep frustrations.³ While many Gambians acknowledged the achievements of the TRRC in truth-telling and victim recognition, more than half of the respondents doubted that the Government would fully implement reparations and accountability measures. Urban respondents were particularly sceptical, while rural communities expressed mixed views — some showing cautious optimism. There was strong public agreement, however, that transitional justice must combine material reparations with accountability for perpetrators to be meaningful. In sum, the Perception Survey has shown that there is a significant implementation gap between policy and practice in the implementation of the Government White Paper on the Report of the TRRC. The 2025 study shows that despite the key commitments by the Government on paper, with the White Paper and new laws broadly signalling progress, most actions remain incomplete. Only a small fraction of TRRC recommendations are fully implemented. Major institutions, such as the Special Prosecutor’s Office and Reparations Commission, exist largely on paper or in nascent form. The Study also highlighted that funding and staffing shortfalls, coupled with political sensitivity around prosecutions, have slowed justice delivery. Victims and civil society are increasingly sceptical of the Government’s commitment to effectively implement the White Paper. Public confidence risks erosion, especially among those who anticipated real change. Gaps in outreach mean that many Gambians are unaware of what has or has not been done. Gender and intersectional issues remain a concern: although laws call for inclusive processes, survivors of SGBV report inadequate support, and women’s voices remain underrepresented in decision-making⁴.

METHODOLOGY

In preparing this Supplementary Report, the Commission relied on information from the quarterly meetings of the Multi-Stakeholder Support Monitoring Committee, which includes Implementing Entities, victim-led organisations and other civil society organisations. Additionally, information for the Report is gleaned from media publications and credible information sourced online.

OVERVIEW OF THE GOVERNMENT WHITE PAPER ON THE REPORT OF THE TRRC

The White Paper outlines the position of the Government on the findings and recommendations of the final Report of the TRRC submitted to the President on 25 November 2021. Out of the 265 recommendations issued by the TRRC, the Government accepted, to varying degrees, 263 recommendations and rejected only 2. The White Paper also addressed the same seventeen (17) thematic areas as the TRRC, covering key themes such as Reparations, Reconciliation, Memorialisation, the National Human Rights Commission, and Amnesty.

². NHRC website: <https://www.gm-nhrc.org/reports>, accessed 16 April 2026

³. Ibid, p. 9, accessed 16 April 2026

⁴. NHRC website: <https://www.gm-nhrc.org/reports>, p. 17, accessed 16 April 2026

Observations about the Implementation Plan

During the review of the Implementation Plan, it was observed that recommendations relating to amnesty—specifically those contained in paragraphs 572 to 597 of the White Paper, totalling -twenty-five (25)—were omitted from the Plan. As a result, these recommendations appear in this Report as activities that have not been implemented.

It was also noted that the thirty-four (34) activities listed under Theme Twenty-two of the Implementation Plan are not directly linked to any specific recommendation in the White Paper. Rather, they are crosscutting activities that the Government voluntarily undertakes.

This explains why the total number of activities in the Implementation Plan exceeds the 263 recommendations accepted by the Government. It is also noted that some recommendations require multiple activities for full implementation, while some activities are repeated across different recommendations, possibly due to their cross-cutting nature. Additionally, Theme Twenty-two introduces further activities not tied to a single recommendation.

Summary of Status of Implementation

1st June 2025 - 31 December 2025

This part provides a summary of the status of implementation of the White Paper Implementation Plan from 1st June to 31 December 2025. During the reporting period, notable milestones were achieved, including the enactment of the Criminal Offences Act 2025 and the Criminal Procedure Act 2025, as well as the operationalisation of the Reparations Commission. These accomplishments represent significant progress toward delivering justice, accountability, and reparative measures for victims. Implementing entities, civil society organisations (CSOs), and other stakeholders also undertook concrete initiatives aimed at advancing the activities outlined in the Implementation Plan.

A comprehensive table summarising progress from 25 May 2023 to 25 May 2025 has been developed to provide a clear overview of the status of implementation. The Annex categorises activities using three statuses: Implemented (Purple), Not Implemented (Red), and Ongoing (Yellow). Each category includes key highlights, offering a quantitative snapshot of progress. Numerical data are presented in tabular form and further aggregated to calculate the overall percentages for implemented, ongoing, and unimplemented activities.

To ensure the monitoring aligns with the 263 recommendations of the White Paper accepted by the Government, the supplementary report to the 3rd Status Report highlights the number of Ongoing, Not Implemented, and implemented recommendations. Additionally, in the Annex, the numbers in the brackets at the end of each activity indicate the specific recommendation that each activity seeks to address. To enhance understanding and interpretation, aggregated figures are also presented through charts and graphs, allowing for an immediate visual assessment of trends, gaps, and priority areas requiring attention.

Between June and December 2025, the number of implemented activities increased from 60 to 65, reflecting an increase of five (5) completed activities. This increase demonstrates that some of the activities previously recorded as *ongoing* have progressed to full implementation during the review period. Although the increase is modest, it signifies some advancement and a continued commitment to delivering results.

In parallel, there was a notable shift in the category of *not-implemented* activities. The number dropped from 101 in May to 84 in December, representing a reduction of seventeen (17) unimplemented activities. This improvement indicates that a significant portion of previously inactive or stalled activities moved into the *ongoing* stage, an important sign in the implementation process.

Correspondingly, the number of *ongoing* activities increased from 143 to 155, demonstrating an uptick of twelve (13) activities actively in progress. This upward trend suggests that implementing entities were able to restart or initiate several previously unaddressed activities, thereby reducing the number of activities for which implementation is yet to commence.

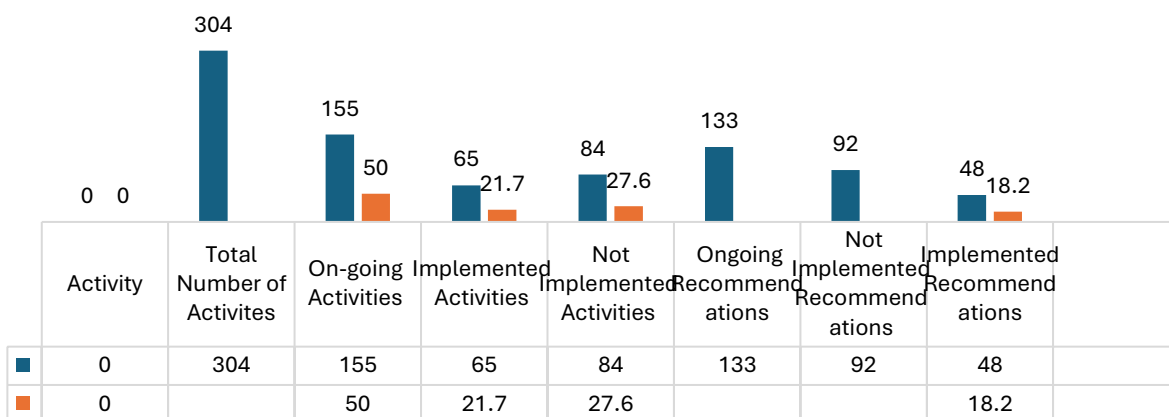
The continued shift from *not implemented* to *ongoing*, and from *ongoing* to *implemented*, reinforces that with adequate resources, stronger coordination, and sustained monitoring, the implementation rate is steadily improving and moving closer to the fulfilment of the commitments outlined in the Implementation Plan.

The performance summary on the overall implementation rate of the White Paper in the Report of the TRRC is indicated in the table below. However, there are notable variations in the implementation rates across the different themes, as shown below:

Activities Performance Summary (May 2025 vs. December 2025)

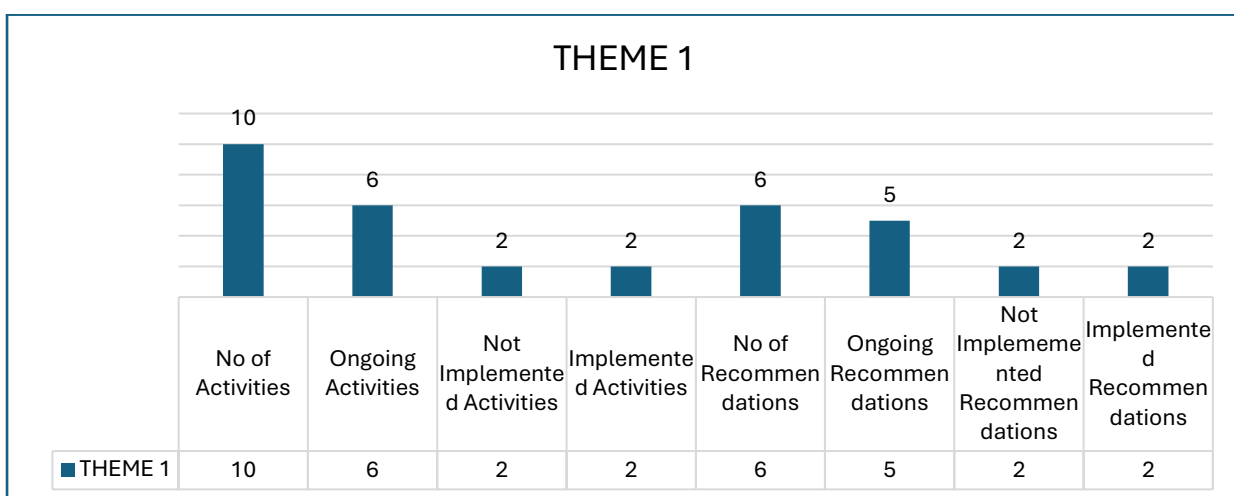
Status	May 2025	December 2025	Difference
Implementation Tracking from May 2023 to December 2025			
Activity			Count
Total Activities			304
On-going Activities			155
Implemented Activities			65
Not Implemented Activities			84
Total Recommendations Accepted			263
Ongoing Recommendations			129
Not Implemented Recommendations			101
Implemented TRRC Recommendations			46

Implementation Tracking from May-December 2025



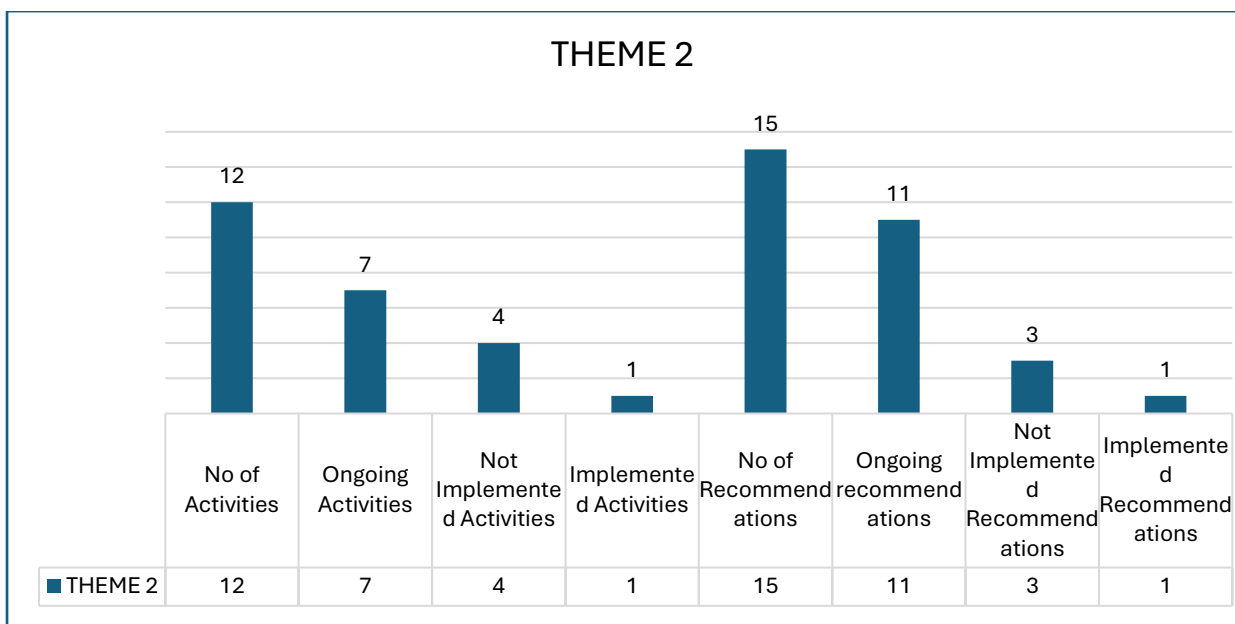
THEME 1: SOLDIERS WITH A DIFFERENCE

Theme 1: Soldiers with a Difference	Data
Number of Activities	10
Ongoing Activities	6
Implemented Activities	2
Not Implemented Activities	2
Number of Recommendations	6
Ongoing Recommendations	5
Not Implemented Recommendations	2
Implemented Recommendations	2



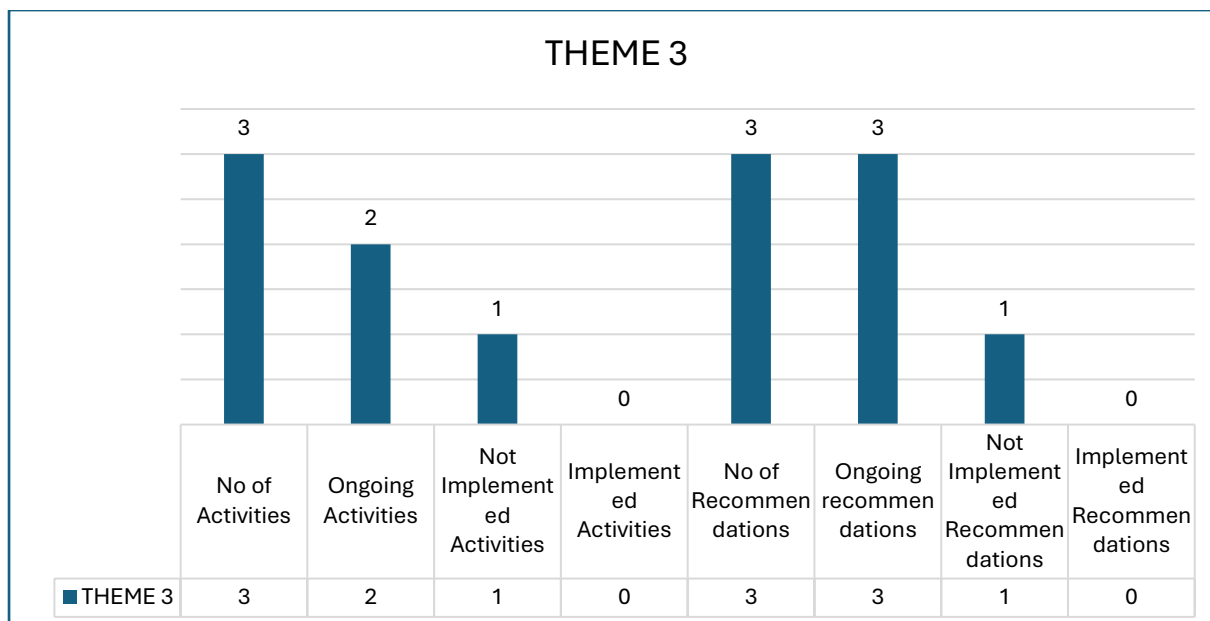
THEME 2: NOVEMBER 11, ATTEMPTED COUP

Theme 2: November 11, 1994, Attempted Coup	Data
Number of Activities	12
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	1
Not Implemented Activities	2
Number of Recommendations	15
Ongoing Recommendations	11
Not Implemented Recommendations	2
Implemented Recommendations	1



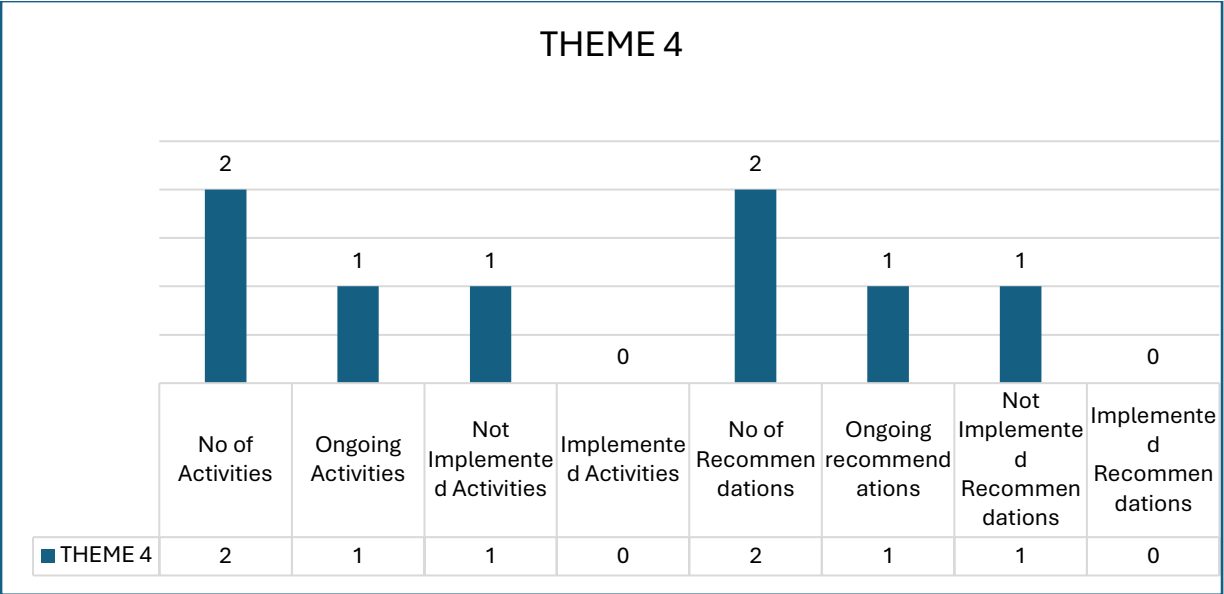
THEME 3: THE KILLING OF OUSMAN KORO CEESAY

Theme 3: The Killing of Ousman Koro Ceesay	Data
Number of Activities	3
Ongoing Activities	2
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	1
Number of Recommendations	3
Ongoing Recommendations	3
Not Implemented Recommendations	1
Implemented Recommendations	0



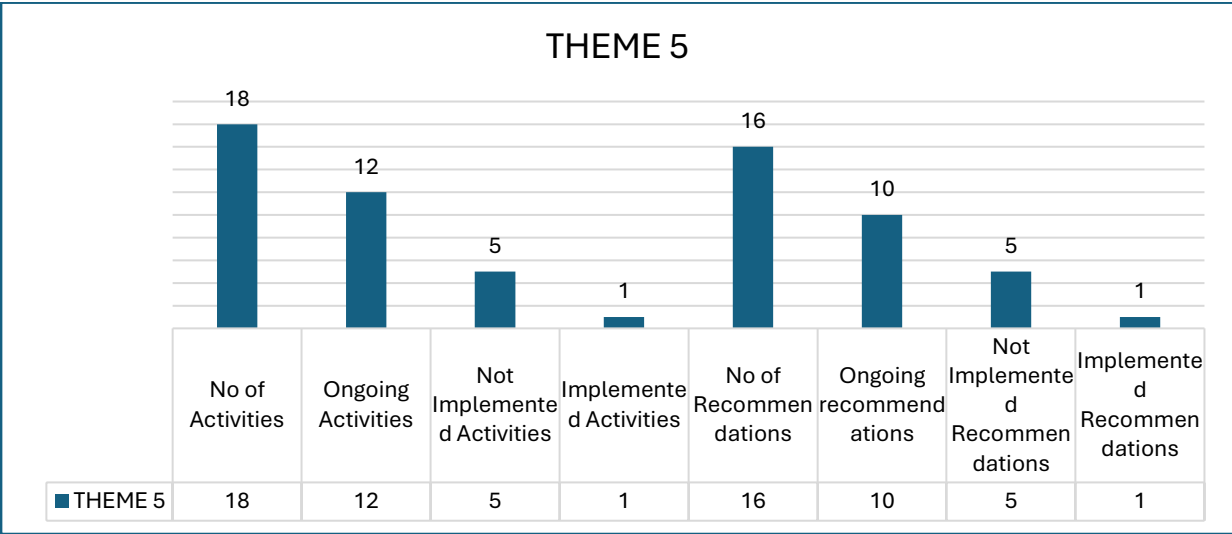
THEME 4: THE CONVOY OF THE PRESIDENT

Theme 4: The Convoy of The President	Data
Number of Activities	2
Ongoing Activities	1
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	2
Number of Recommendations	2
Ongoing Recommendations	1
Not Implemented Recommendations	1
Implemented Recommendations	0
Number of Recommendations	2



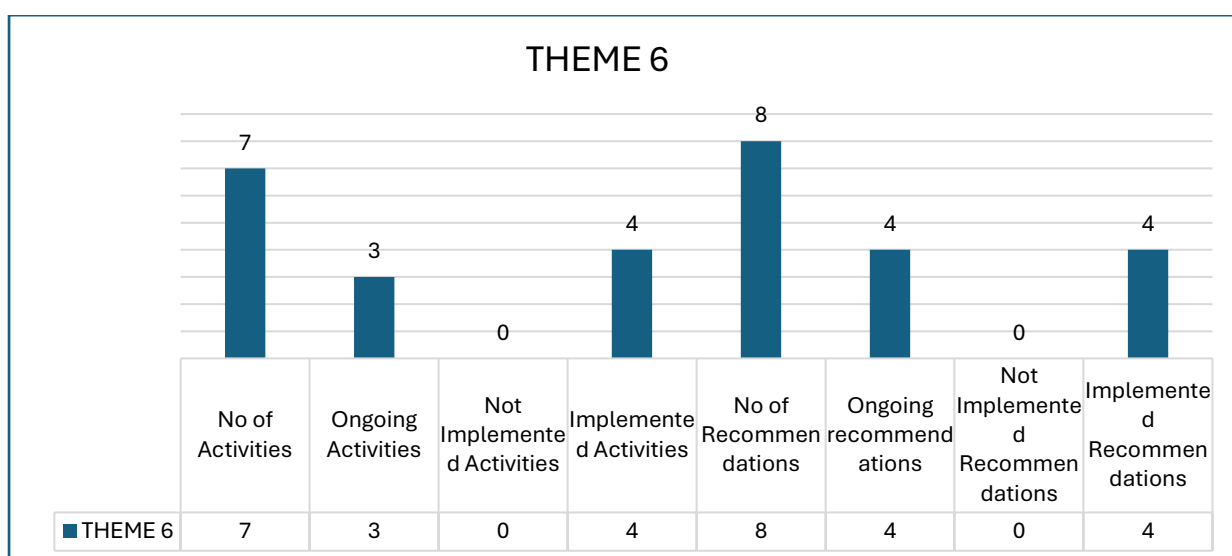
THEME 5: THE STUDENT DEMONSTRATION

Theme 5: The Student Demonstration	Data
Number of Activities	18
Ongoing Activities	12
Implemented Activities	1
Not Implemented Activities	5
Number of Recommendations	16
Ongoing Recommendations	10
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	1



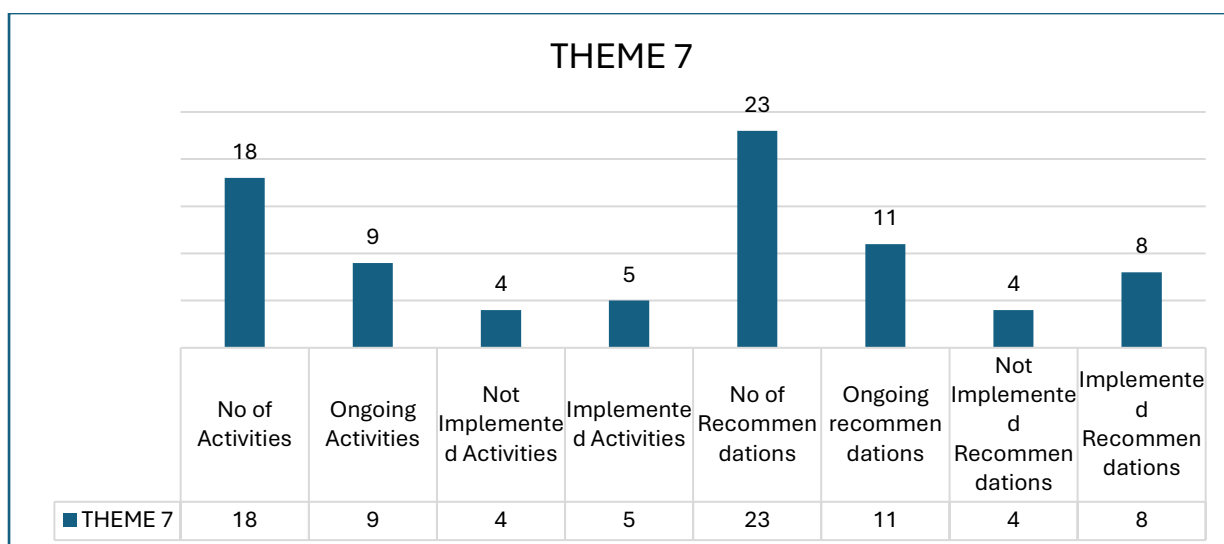
THEME 6: ATTACK ON POLITICAL OPPONENTS

Theme 6: Attack on Political Opponents	Data
Number of Activities	7
Ongoing Activities	2
Implemented Activities	4
Not Implemented Activities	1
Number of Recommendations	8
Ongoing Recommendations	4
Not Implemented Recommendations	0
Implemented Recommendations	4



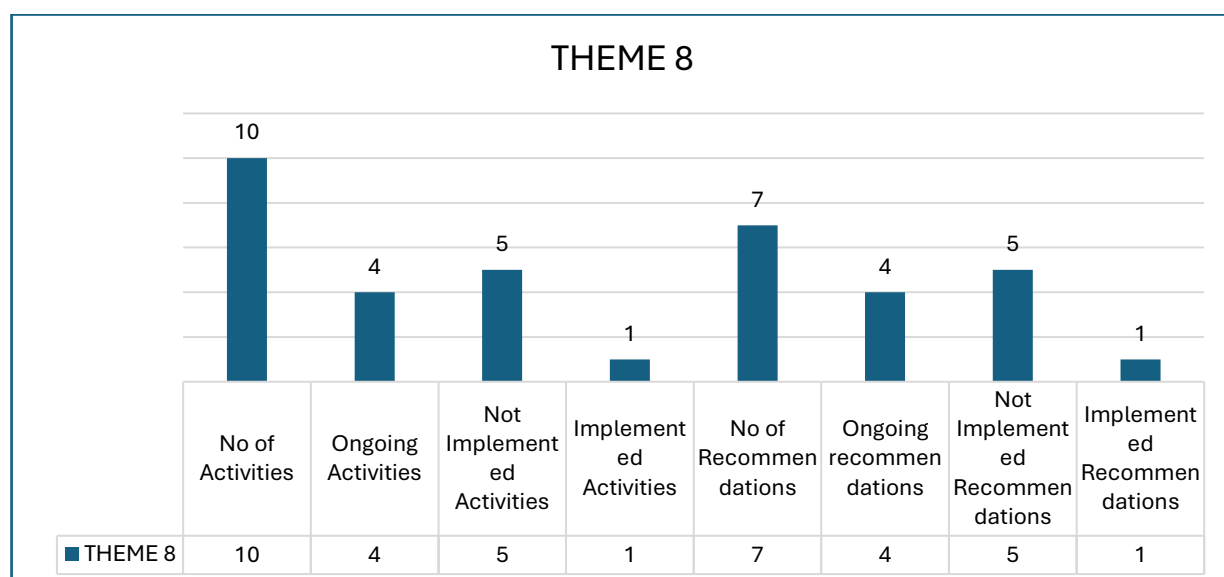
THEME 7: ATTACK ON THE MEDIA

Theme 7: ATTACK ON THE MEDIA	Data
Number of Activities	18
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	5
Not Implemented Activities	6
Number of Recommendations	23
Ongoing Recommendations	11
Not Implemented Recommendations	4
Implemented Recommendations	8



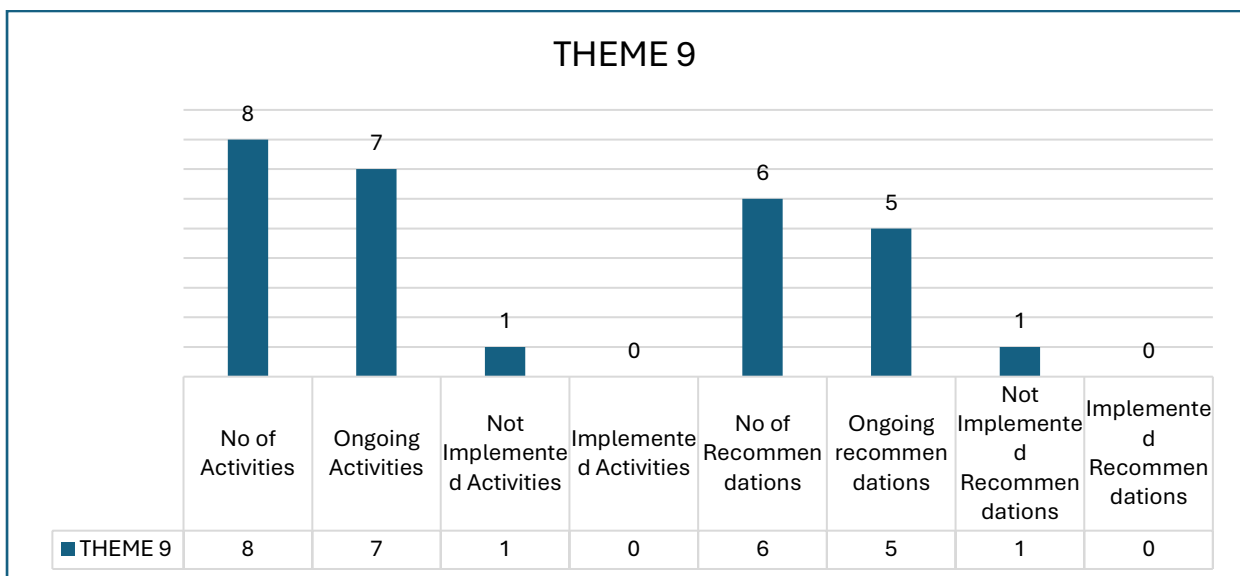
THEME 8: ATTACK ON RELIGIOUS FREEDOM

Theme 8: Attack on Religious Freedom	Data
Number of Activities	10
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	6
Number of Recommendations	7
Ongoing Recommendations	4
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	1



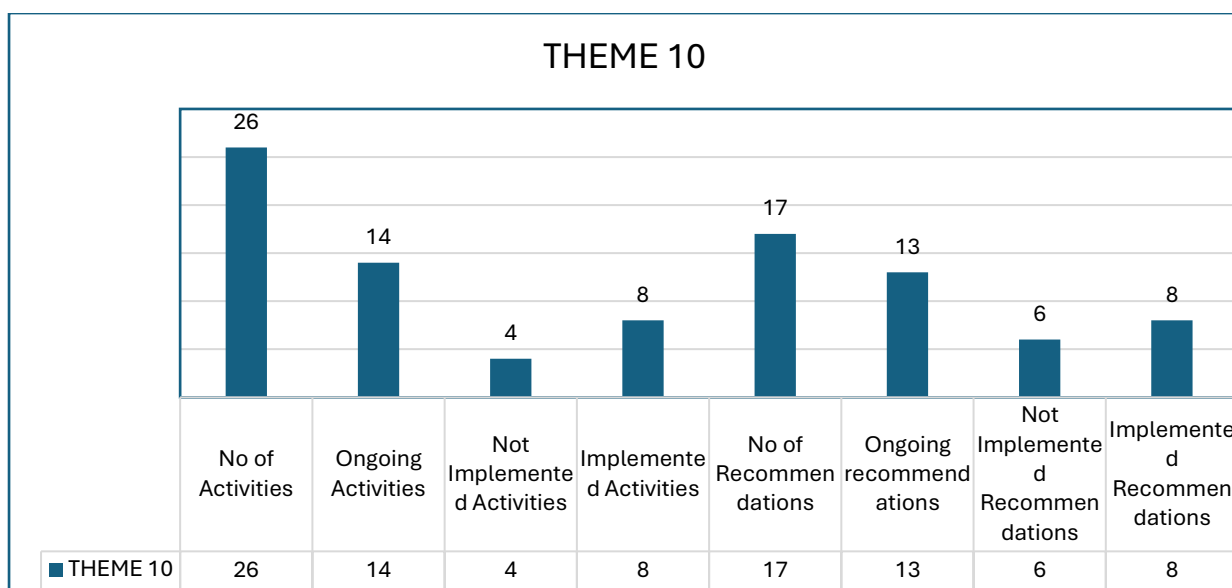
THEME 9: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS, TORTURE AND OTHER HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS

Theme 9: Unlawful Killings, Torture and Other Human Rights Violations	Data
Number of Activities	8
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	1
Number of Recommendations	6
Ongoing Recommendations	5
Not Implemented Recommendations	1
Implemented Recommendations	0



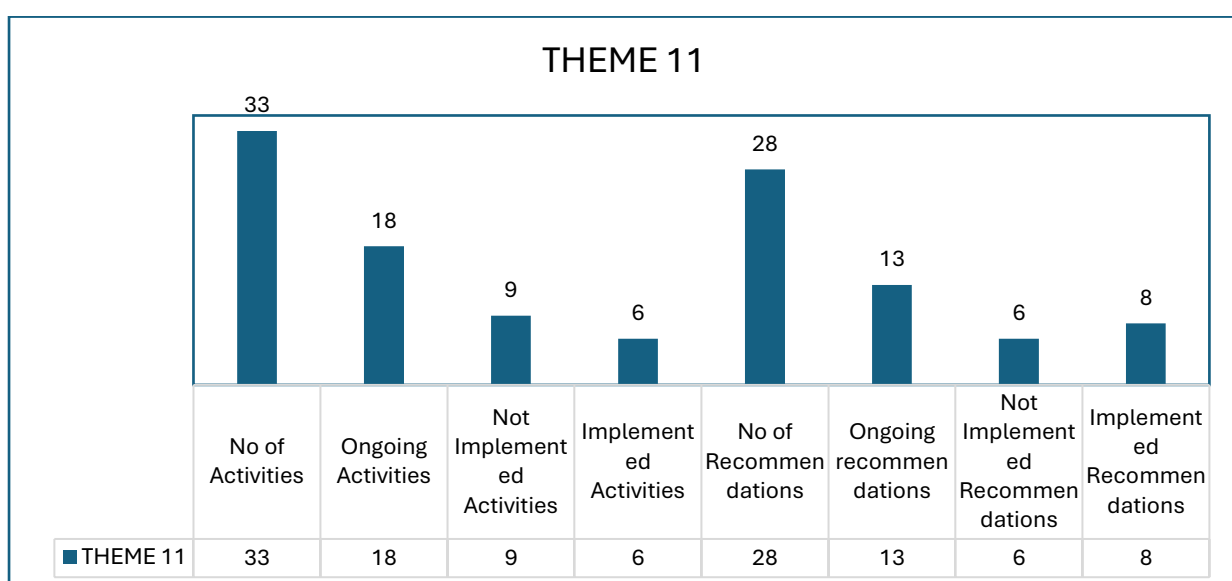
THEME 10: THE PRESIDENT'S ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT PROGRAMME

Theme 10: The President's Alternative Treatment Programme	Data
Number of Activities	26
Ongoing Activities	14
Implemented Activities	8
Not Implemented Activities	4
Number of Recommendations	17
Ongoing Recommendations	13
Not Implemented Recommendations	6
Implemented Recommendations	8



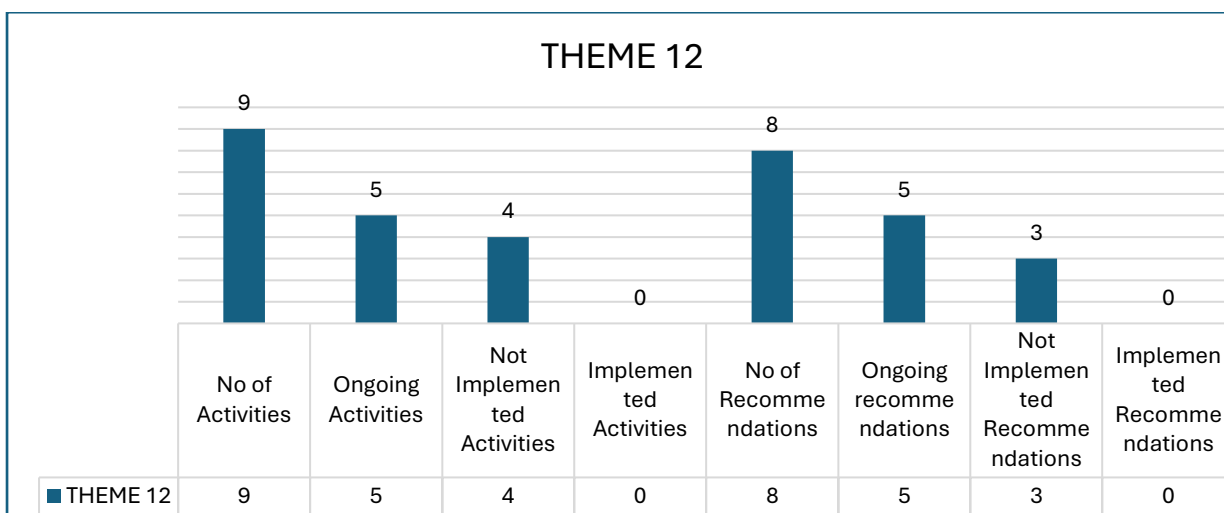
THEME 11: SEXUAL AND GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

Theme 11: Sexual and Gender-Based Violence	Data
Number of Activities	33
Ongoing Activities	19
Implemented Activities	5
Not Implemented Activities	9
Number of Recommendations	28
Ongoing Recommendations	13
Not Implemented Recommendations	8
Implemented Recommendations	8



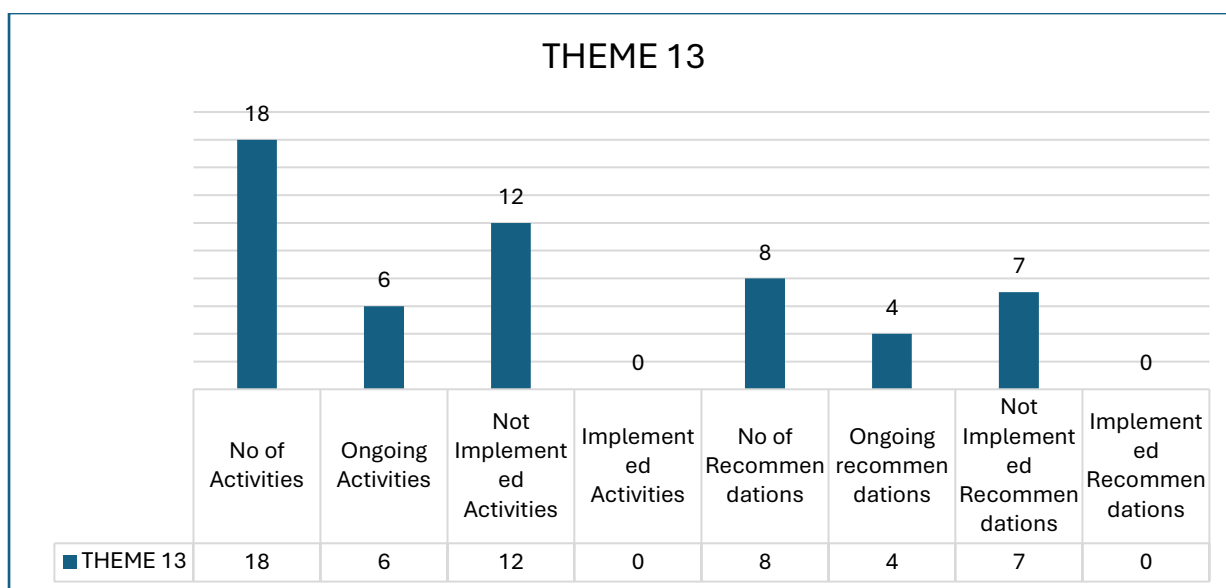
THEME 12: PRESIDENT'S WITCH HUNT EXERCISE

Theme 12: President's Witch Hunt Exercise	Data
Number of Activities	9
Ongoing Activities	4
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	5
Number of Recommendations	8
Ongoing Recommendations	5
Not Implemented Recommendations	3
Implemented Recommendations	0



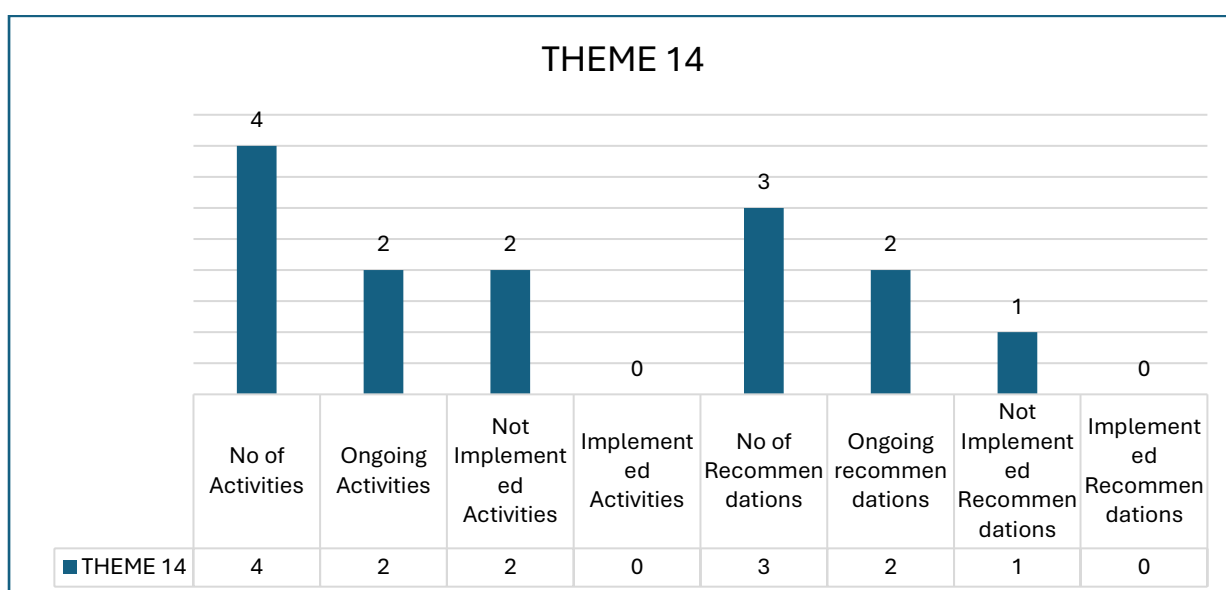
THEME 13: ENFORCED DISAPPEARANCES

Theme 13: Enforced Disappearances	Data
Number of Activities	18
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	11
Number of Recommendations	8
Ongoing Recommendations	5
Not Implemented Recommendations	6
Implemented Recommendations	0



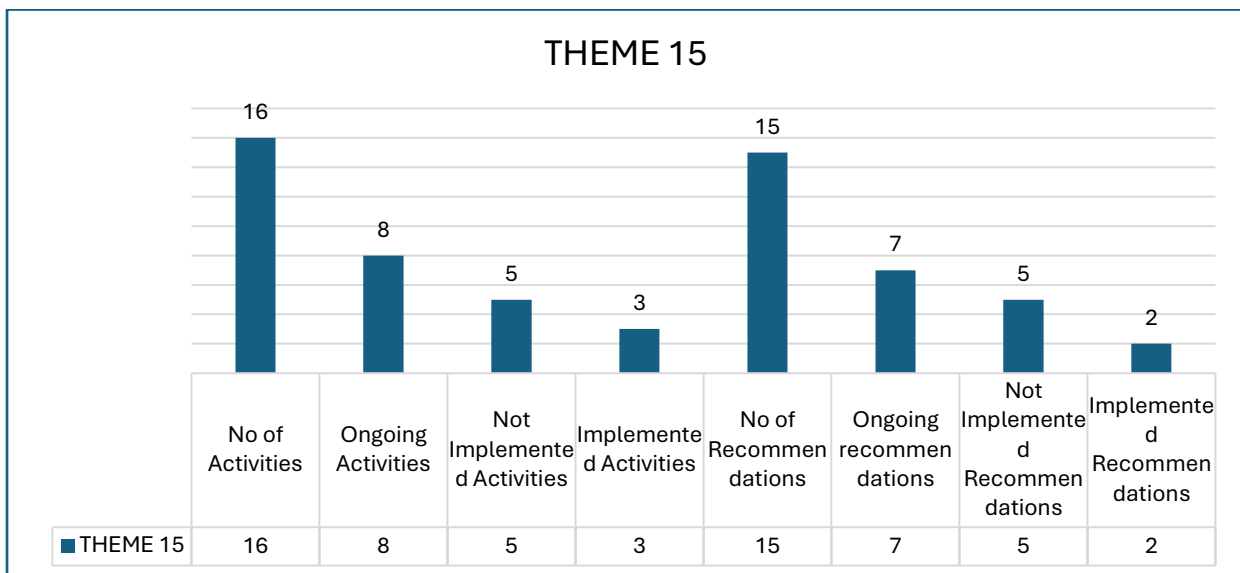
THEME 14: THE KILLING OF WEST AFRICAN MIGRANTS

Theme 14: Killing of West African migrants	Data
Number of Activities	4
Ongoing Activities	2
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	2
Number of Recommendations	3
Ongoing Recommendations	2
Not Implemented Recommendations	1
Implemented Recommendations	0



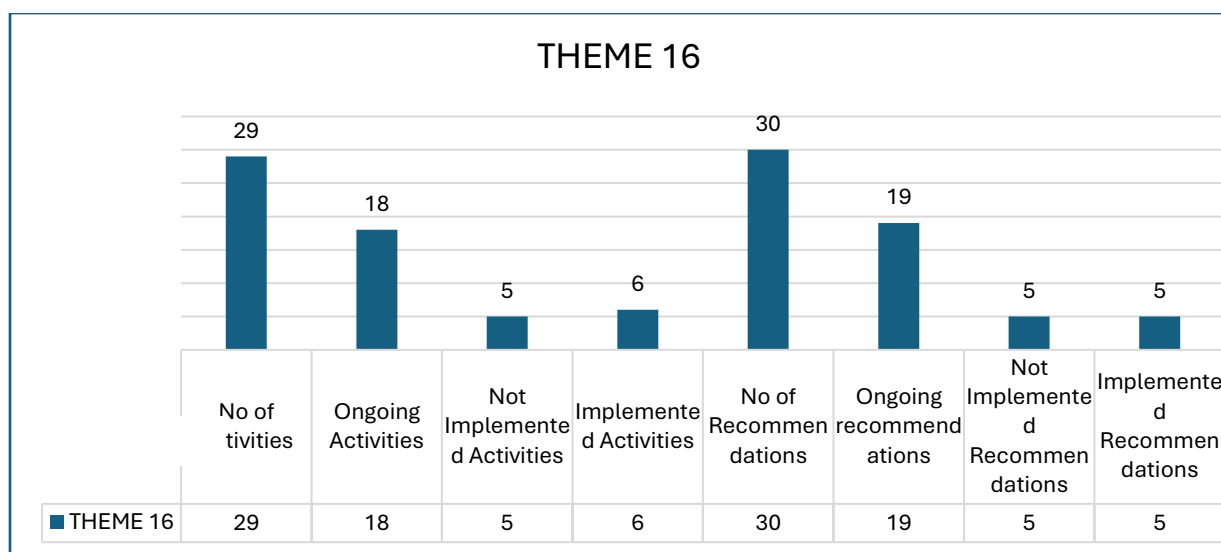
THEME 15: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (NIA)

Theme 15: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (NIA)	Data
Number of Activities	16
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	3
Not Implemented Activities	6
Number of Recommendations	15
Ongoing Recommendations	7
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	2



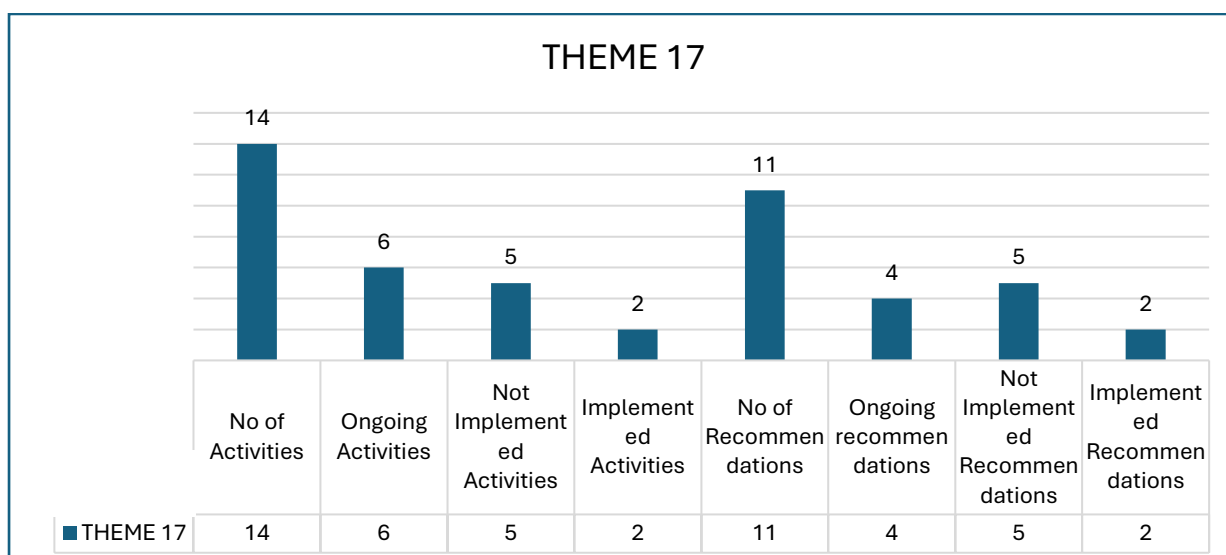
16: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: PRISONS

Theme 16: Institutional Hearings: Prisons	Data
Number of Activities	29
Ongoing Activities	16
Implemented Activities	6
Not Implemented Activities	7
Number of Recommendations	30
Ongoing Recommendations	19
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	5



THEME 17: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: JUSTICE SECTOR ENTITIES

Theme 17: Institutional Hearings: Justice Sector Entities	Data
Number of Activities	14
Ongoing Activities	5
Implemented Activities	2
Not Implemented Activities	7
Number of Recommendations	11
Ongoing Recommendations	4
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	2

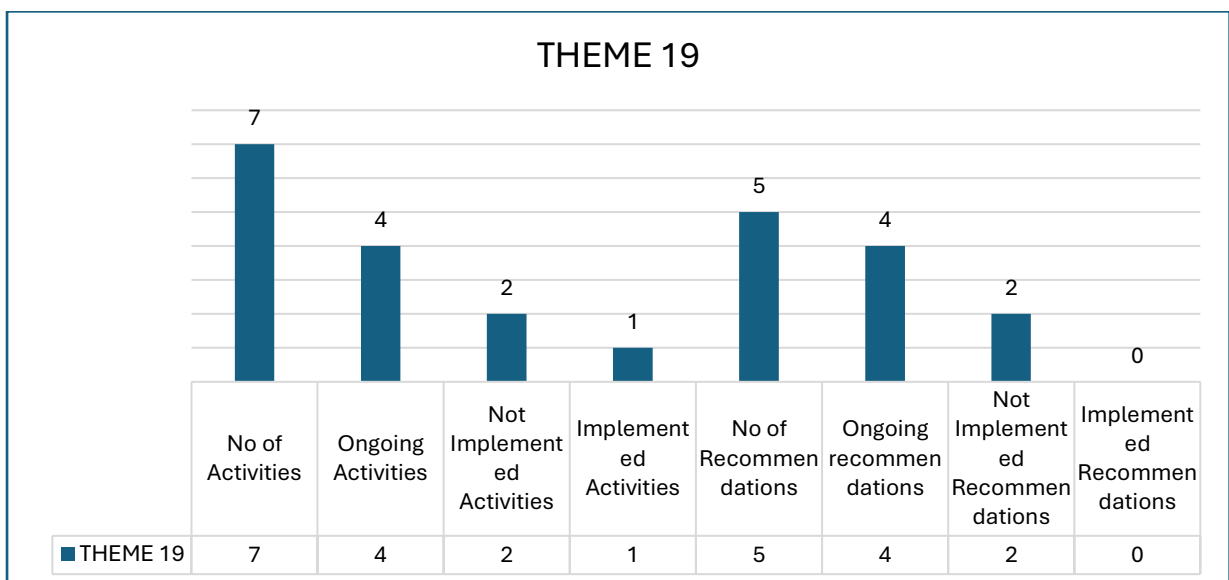


THEME 18: REPARATIONS

Theme 18: Reparations	Data
Number of Activities	17
Ongoing Activities	7
Implemented Activities	5
Not Implemented Activities	5
Number of Recommendations	10
Ongoing Recommendations	4
Not Implemented Recommendations	5
Implemented Recommendations	2

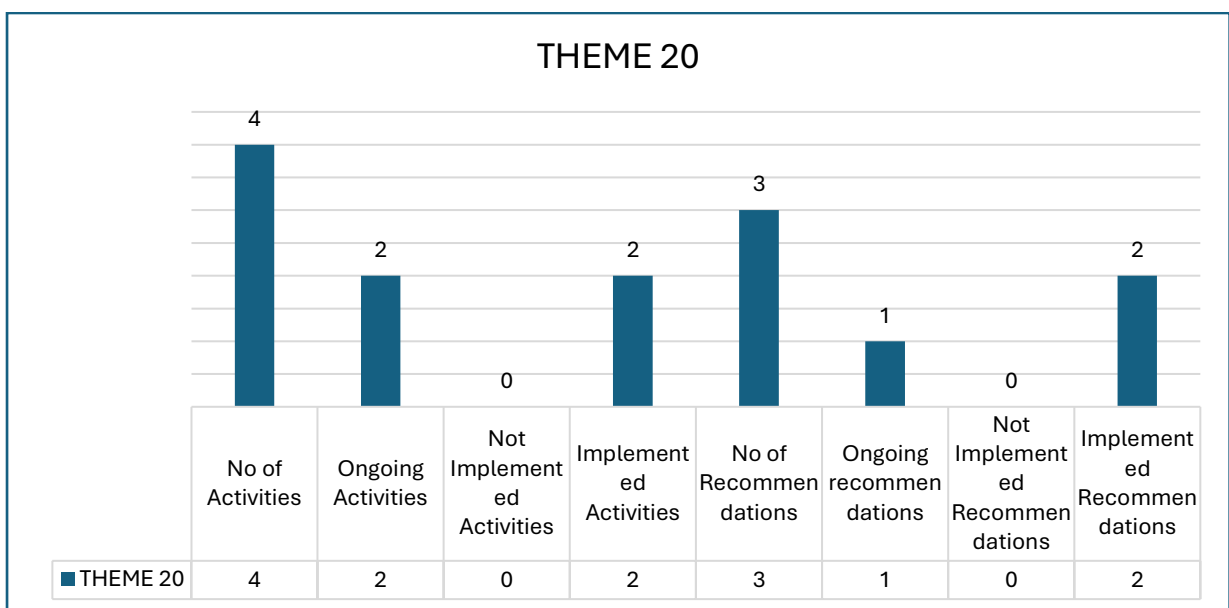
THEME 19: RECONCILIATION

Theme 19: Reconciliation	Data
Number of Activities	7
Ongoing Activities	5
Implemented Activities	0
Not Implemented Activities	2
Number of Recommendations	10
Ongoing Recommendations	4
Not Implemented Recommendations	2
Implemented Recommendations	2



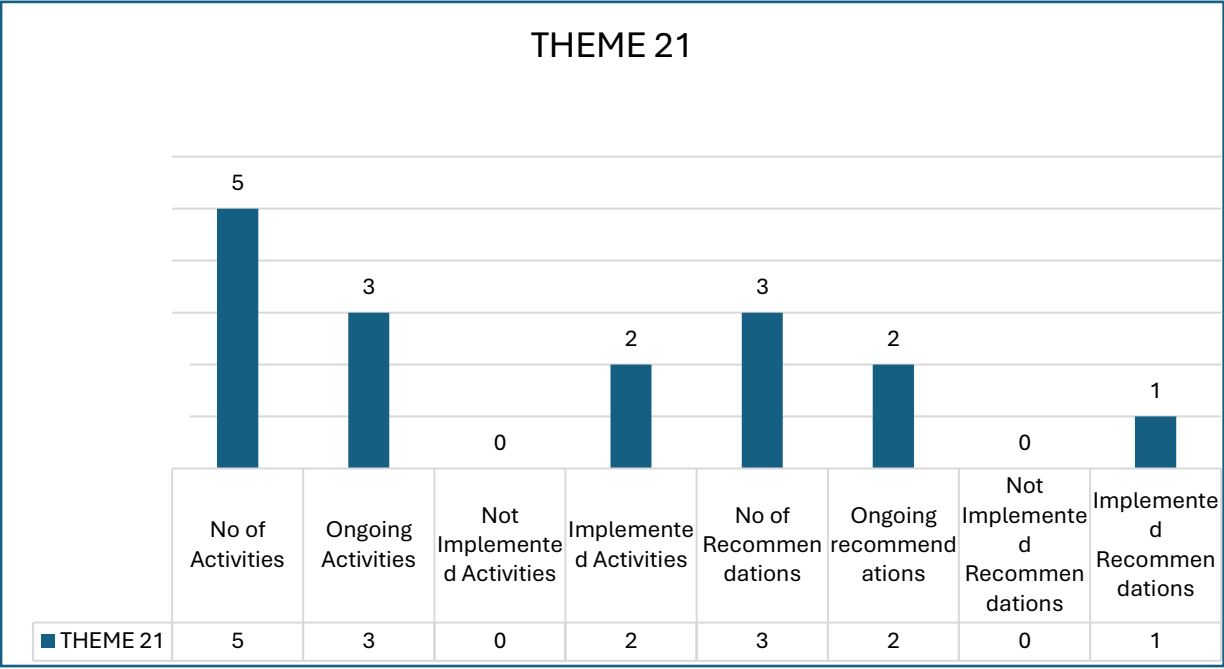
THEME 20: MEMORIALISATION

Theme 20: MEMORIALISATION	Data
Number of Activities	4
Ongoing Activities	2
Implemented Activities	2
Not Implemented Activities	0
Number of Recommendations	3
Ongoing Recommendations	1
Not Implemented Recommendations	0
Implemented Recommendations	2



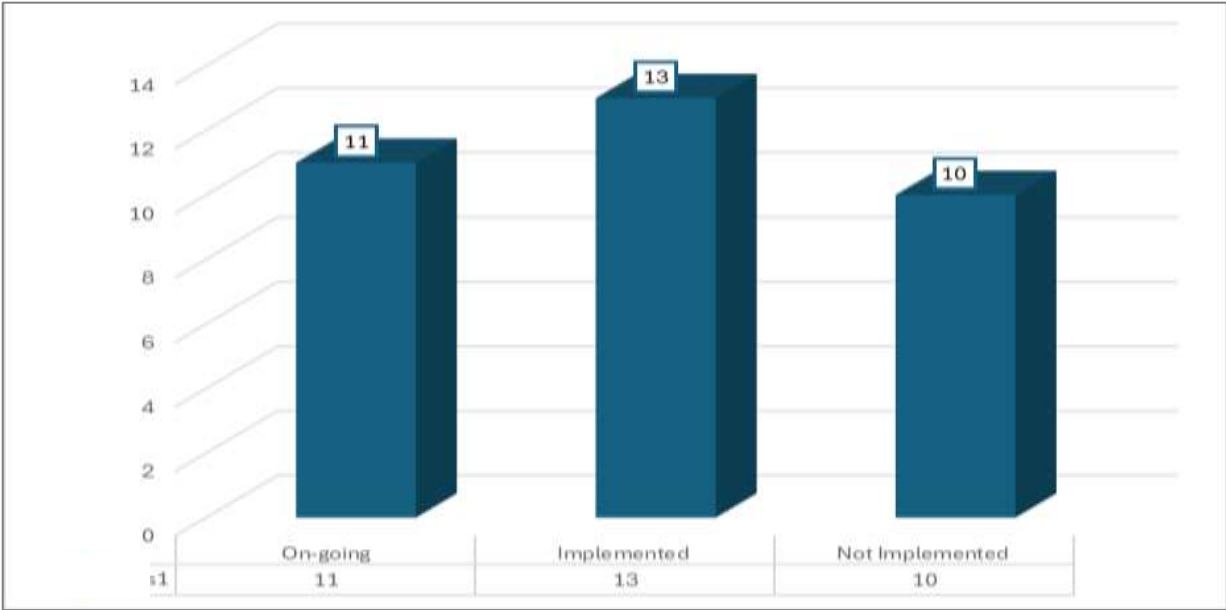
THEME 21: NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

Theme 21: National Human Rights Commission	Data
Number of Activities	5
Ongoing Activities	3
Implemented Activities	2
Not Implemented Activities	0
Number of Recommendations	3
Ongoing Recommendations	2
Not Implemented Recommendations	0
Implemented Recommendations	1



THEME 22: CROSS-CUTTING ACTIVITIES

Theme 22: CROSS-CUTTING ACTIVITIES	Data
Ongoing	11
Implemented Activities	13
Not Implemented Activities	10
Number of Activities	34



CHALLENGES

The challenges highlighted in the initial 3rd Status report continued to affect implementation during the period under review (June–December 2025).

RECOMMENDATIONS

As set out in the initial Third Status Report, which remains applicable during the period under review (June–December 2025), the recommendations directed at Implementing Entities and other stakeholders include: In addition, we urge the Government to take note of the recommendations of the 2025 Perception Survey and implement them to enhance the implementation process.⁵

1. With the Implementation Plan of the White Paper set to end in 2027, the government, through the Ministry of Justice, should urgently consider expanding the timeline of the plan as many activities re. recommendations are yet to be achieved, or consider the development of a new Plan.

⁵. NHRC website: <https://www.gm-nhrc.org/reports>, p. 105 - 107, accessed 16 April 2026

ANNEXE: Implementation Plan for the Government White Paper on the TRRC Report 2023 - 2027

EXPECTED OUTCOME	KEY THEME/ CATEGORY	PLANNED ACTIVITIES ⁶		LEAD IMPLEMENTING ENTITY(IES)	ACTION TAKEN	STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION
THEME 1: SOLDIERS WITH A DIFFERENCE						
1.1. Accountability for atrocities committed by the Junta.	Justice and Accountability	1.1.1. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh, Sana Sabally, Edward Singhatey, and Yankuba Touray for ordering unlawful arrests, detention, and torture of Omar A. Jallow, M.C. Cham, and others held at Fajara Barracks. (35)		X	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.28 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update. Ongoing
		1.1.2. Implement measures to ban Sgt Gomez (Hitler) and Kawsu Camara from holding public office for 10 years. (38)		X	MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.29 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update. Ongoing

⁶ The numbers in the bracket at the end of each planned activity Refer tos to the White Paper recommendations the activity is aligned to.

1.1. Accountability for atrocities committed by the Junta.	Justice & Accountability	1.1.3. Forward the Recommendation for Amnesty for Baboucarr Bah to the Special Prosecutor for review in line with Prosecution Strategy. (37)		X							MOJ, SPO	The Special Accountability Mechanism (SAM), including the Office of the Special Prosecutor, will guide the granting of amnesty and prosecution. ⁷ Thus, all processes connected to the granting of amnesty are awaiting the establishment of the SPO. ⁸	Not Implemented
1.2. Existence of laws that protect against torture and other violations ancillary to torture.	Legal Reform	1.2.1. Review and table the Prisons Act 1953 before the National Assembly. (36)									MOJ, MOI	No new update. Refer to p.32 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

⁷ <https://nawatch.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/Special-Accountability-Mechanism-TRRC-Bill-2024.pdf>

⁸⁸⁸ Update from the Post TRRC Unit, Ministry of Justice

1.2. Existence of laws that protect against torture and other violations ancillary to torture.	Law Reform	1.2.3. Carry out a comprehensive review of all laws passed between 1994 to 2017 to ensure that they are in line with International Human Rights standards (39).									MOJ, LRC	No new update. Refer to p.33 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
1.2. Existence of laws that protect against torture and other violations ancillary to torture.	Law Reform	1.2.4. Review of Law Reform Commission Act 1983(40)									MOJ, LRC	Review of the Law Reform Commission Act is ongoing and a technical report has been prepared that identifies relevant laws and provision therein for reform and a report has been submitted to the draft person. ⁹	Ongoing

⁹ Update from the Post TRRC Unit, Ministry of Justice

THEME 2: NOVEMBER 11, 1994, ATTEMPTED COUP										
1.2. Existence of laws that protect against torture and other violations ancillary to torture.	Law Reform	1.2.5. Develop Law Reform Strategy (40)			X					
									MOJ, LRC	A Law Reform Strategy has not been developed.
										Not Implemented
1.2. Existence of laws that protect against torture and other violations ancillary to torture.	Institutional Reform	1.2.6. Appoint a new Board and staff for the Law Reform Commission. (40)			X					
									MOJ, LRC	No new update. Refer to p.35 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.
										Ongoing

2.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junta Members and other members of the Armed Forces during the November 11, 1994 attempted coup.	Justice & Accountability	2.1.1. Prosecution of all members of the Junta Yahya Jammeh, Sanna Sabally, Edward Singhatey and Yankuba Touray, and senior military officers who participated in the November 11, 1994, tortures and killings - Baboucarr Jatta, Peter Singhatey and Papu Gomez in the tortures and killings during the November 11 th 1994. (61)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.36 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
2.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junta Members and other members of the Armed Forces during the November 11, 1994 attempted coup.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	2.1.2. Implement measures to ensure that individual perpetrators who benefit from plea deals are banned from holding public office. (62) (143)	X							MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.37 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

2.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junta Members and other members of the Armed forces during the November 11, 1994, attempted coup.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	2.1.4. Notify Pte. Lamin Fatty of the Government's decision accepting the Commission's recommendation of no action against him. (64)	X								MOJ	The Ministry of Justice has issued an official correspondence under Reference AG/C/378/01 (PART 3) (IP83) dated 10 March 2026 notifying Pte. Lamin Fatty made the decision to accept the recommendation to take 'no action'.	Implemented
2.2. A better trained police and military force that has basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.1. Review GAF Training Curricula with a view to including topics on Human Rights, Constitutional Law and Rule of Law. (66) (67) (68) (69) (70)		X							MOD, GAF	No new update. Refer to p.40 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

2.2. A better trained police and military force that has basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.2. Secure accreditation of training Courses for the Police and the Army. (71)				X					MOD, MOI, GPF, GAF, NAQAA	There is no evidence that accreditation has been secured for the training Courses of the Police and the Army, nor is satisfactory completion of such training a requirement for promotion within the GAF and Police.	Not Implemented
2.2. A better trained police and military force that has basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.3. Review the Military regulations to set minimum training requirements in relevant accredited courses as a condition for promotion. (72)				X					MOD, GAF	No new update. Refer to p.41 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

2.2. A better trained police and military force that has a basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.4. Develop training manuals on Civil-Military relations with a view to changing mind-sets on serving members of the Armed Forces for respect of established rules. (73)			X									MOD, GAF, NCCE	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
2.2. A better trained police and military force that has a basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.5. Provide Training for Soldiers in the area of International Humanitarian law, International Criminal Law and Geneva Conventions. (69) (70)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOD, GAF, NHRC	No new update. Refer to p.43 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

2.2. A better trained police and military force that has a basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.7. Build capacity of existing community support systems to be able to deal with discrimination and stigma. (74)				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOLRGRA, NHRC, NCAC, NCCE, ADRS	No new update. Refer to p.45 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
2.2. A better trained police and military force that has a basic understanding of Human Rights norms and international obligations of the state.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	2.2.7.1. Roundtable discussions, brainstorming sessions, consultations, research, mapping to determine existing structures, needs assessment, design capacity program.				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	GPF, MOI	No new update. Refer to p.46 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

THEME 3: THE KILLING OF OUSMAN KORO CEESAY												
3.1. Accountability for the murder of Koro Ceesay.	Justice & Accountability	3.1.1. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh, Edward Singhateh, and Peter Singhateh for the murder of Koro Ceesay. (100)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.47 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
3.1. Accountability for the murder of Koro Ceesay.	Justice & Accountability	3.1.2. Commence Extradition proceedings for Yahya Jammeh, Edward Singhateh and Peter Singhateh. (100)				X				MOJ, SPO, GPF, MOFA	The Government has not formally commenced extradition proceedings for former President Yahya Jammeh, Edward Singhateh, and Peter Singhateh. No official extradition request has been publicly confirmed.	Not Implemented
3.1. Accountability for the murder of Koro Ceesay.	Guarantees of non-repetition	3.1.3. Implement measures to Ban Alhagie Kanyi, BK Jatta, Pa Alieu Gomez from holding public office for ten years. (101) (102)		X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.48 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

THEME 4: THE CONVOY OF THE PRESIDENT											
4.1. Accountability for crimes committed by the presidential convoy.	Justice & Accountability	4.1.1. Refer to the members of the Presidential convoys including former President Jammeh to the Special Prosecutor for road traffic offences committed resulting in deaths. (121)			X						
									MOJ, SPO	Members of the presidential convoy, including former President Yahya Jammeh, have not been referred to the Special Prosecutor for road traffic offences, which resulted in loss of life. This action awaits the establishment of the SPO which is yet to be done.	Not implemented
4.2. Protocols exist to regulate and coordinate the use of convoys.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	4.2.1. Implement internal Standard Operating Procedures for Presidential Convoys and review regulations for other convoys to guarantee safety of the public. (122)		X					GAF, GPF, OP	The Office of the President has developed a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) which is to be reviewed. Changes have also been implemented regarding the operation of the presidential convoy to ensure public safety.	Ongoing

5.1. Accountability for crimes committed by government officials during the April 10/11 student demonstration officials during the April 10/11 student demonstration.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.3. Implement measures to ban Isatou Njie-Saidy from holding public office for 10 years. (139)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.52 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
	Guarantees of non-repetition	5.1.4. Implement measures to ban Yaya Jammeh from holding public office for life. (139)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.52 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

	Justice & Accountability	5.1.5. Implement measures to ban Baboucarr Jatta from holding public office for 10 years. (140)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.53 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.6. Prosecute Abdou Giri Njie for his unlawful arrest, detention, torture and unlawful shooting resulting in the death of two students. (141)				X			MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.53 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.7. Implement measures to ban Corporal Lamin Camara from office for 5 years and remove him from office if he is still within the service. (142)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.54 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.8. Implement measures to ban all those who have been granted amnesty from holding public office for not less than 5 years. (143)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.54 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.9. Ban Gorgui Mboob from holding public office for 5 years, and prosecute him for assault of Ousman Sabally and implement measures to prosecute. (144) (145)	X							MOJ, SPO	Gorgi Mboob passed away in 2024. However, there is no evidence that he was banned from holding public office and prosecuted as recommended before his demise. ¹¹	Not Implemented
	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.10. Subject all those who were with Gorgui Mboob at St. Augustine's High School, including Modou Lamin Fatty, Abdoulie Bah, Modou Cham and Modou Gajaga to disciplinary measures if they are still in the service. (146)	X							MOJ, MOI, GPF	Modou Gajaga and Gorgi Mboob, two of the named persons in the recommendation, have passed away. However, there is no official communication from the Gambia Police Force confirming that this recommendation has been implemented.	Not Implemented

¹¹

^[1] <https://standard.gm/former-anti-crime-commander-naval-chief-pass-away/> (Gorgi Mboob died before he could be banned) <https://standard.gm/former-anti-crime-commander-naval-chief-pass-away/>

	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.1.11. Implement measures to ban Baboucarr Sowe and Momodou (Nice) Ceesay from holding public office for 5 years. (147)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p.56 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
5.2 Implement measures to ensure non-recurrence of the events of April 10th and 11th, 2000.	Institutional Reform	5.2.1. Review the Police training manuals on crowd control and on the management of violent demonstrations and riots. (148)	X						MOJ, MOI, GPF	No new update. Refer to p.57 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
5.2 Implement measures to ensure non-recurrence of the events of April 10th and 11th 2000.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.2.3. Hold specialised/human rights training for police (arrest/detention, search/seizure, crowd control, etc.)		X	X	X	X	X	MOI, GPF	No new update. Refer to p.59 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

5.3. Open communication lines established between students and authorities.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	5.3.1. Implement memorialisation initiatives to commemorate April 10 th and 11 th as part of memorialisation plan. (150)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOBSE, NCAC, NCCE, NYC	ANEKED, through its memorialization project (The Duty to Remember), has engaged over 2,000 students and young people across the country to discuss memorialisation and its role in promoting non-recurrence. During these sessions, students were encouraged to consider additional ¹² ways of remembering and honouring those who were impacted by the violations. Additionally, the International Centre for Transitional Justice (Gambia office) has, since November 2023, been working with six (6) Civil Society Organisations on activities to support the implementation of memorialisation programmes. A draft Memorialization Strategy and Implementation Plan has already been prepared and finalization is in progress.	Ongoing
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¹²¹² Updates From ANEKED

5.3. Open communication lines established between students and authorities.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	5.3.2. Establish a mechanism to address student concerns and responsibilities. (151)			X						MOHERST, MOBSE	There are no reports to show that this has been implemented.	Not Implemented
5.3. Open communication lines established between students and authorities.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	5.3.3 Establish Complaint Unit for students at regional directorates and where they already exist, provide them with capacity and training. (151)				X	X	X	X		MOHERST, MOBSE	There are no reports to show that this has been implemented.	Not Implemented
5.3. Open communication lines established between students and authorities.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	5.3.4. Stakeholder consultation to brainstorm on mechanisms to facilitate and enhance student complaints. (152)			X						MOHERST, MOBSE	There are no reports to show that this has been implemented.	Not Implemented

THEME 6: ATTACK ON POLITICAL OPPONENTS													
6.1. Accountability for crimes committed as highlighted in the TRRC report.	Justice & Accountability	6.1.1. Prosecute Edward Singhateh and Yankuba Touray for torture and inhuman treatment of UDP supporters at the Denton Bridge in September 1996. (170)							X		MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.62 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
6.2. The Public Order Act is in line with international best practice and human rights standards.	Legal Reform	6.2.1. Review the Public Order Act to be in conformity with existing human rights instruments. (172) (211)					X				MOJ, MOI	Review of the Public Order Act is ongoing. The technical report on law reform identified and proposed amendment to the provisions that do not comply with human right standards. The report was submitted to the Ministry of Justice to implement the recommendations.	Ongoing
6.4. Social cohesion is strengthened throughout the country.	Peace & Reconciliation	6.4.1. Hold a series of reconciliation and social cohesion events within the framework of the Peace and Reconciliation Commission targeted at political parties, civil society organizations and victim led groups. (175)			X	X	X	X	X	X	PRC	No new update. Refer to p.66 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

THEME 7: ATTACK ON THE MEDIA												
7.1. Accountability for atrocities and violations committed against the media houses and practitioners.	Justice & Accountability	7.1.1. President Jammeh to be investigated and prosecuted for the murder of Deyda Hydara, the disappearance of Chief Ebrima Manneh, the arson attacks on Radio 1 FM and The Independent newspaper, and the torture of all journalists and other persons mentioned in relation to the Freedom Online Newspaper issue. (188)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.67 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
7.1. Accountability for atrocities and violations committed against the media houses and practitioners.	Justice & Accountability	7.1.2. Investigate and prosecute the Junglers for the murder of Deyda Hydara, the disappearance of Chief Ebrima Manneh, the arson attacks on Radio 1 FM and The Independent newspaper, and torture of all journalists and other persons mentioned in relation to the Freedom Online Newspaper issue. (189) (210)			XX	XX	XX	XX	X	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p.68 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information, and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.2. Review of laws relating to the media, in particular the National Media and Communication Act 2002, the Newspaper Registration and Broadcasting Act, and the Information and Communication Act. (191) (210)				X	X	X	X			MOJ, MOInf	No new update. Refer to p.69 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
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7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information, and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.3. Carry out review of the Constitution to ensure that media and freedom of expression provisions comply with Article 19 of the ICCPR. (193)	X							MOJ, MOInf	Following the rejection of the 2024 Draft, the government publicly pledged to continue pursuing constitutional reforms, and reform efforts are continuing at a technical and preparatory level, including further work on constitutional provisions ahead of any future tabling before the National Assembly. ¹³	Ongoing
7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.6. Develop a broadcast policy in line with the Constitution to ensure GRTS provides divergent views on National Issues. (199)	X							MOJ, MOInf, GRTS	No Broadcast Policy has been developed.	Not implemented

¹³ [The Gambia - July 2025 | The Global State of Democracy](#)

7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.7. Review the Official Secrets Act to bring it in line with International Human Rights .(200)	X							MOJ, MOI	There is no information that the Official Secrets Act has been reviewed.	Not implemented
7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.8. Review/Revise NGO Act to bring it in line with Article 22 of the ICCPR. (201)			X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOI	The review of the NGO Act is ongoing. The technical report on law reform identified provisions for repeal or amendment to bring it in line with Article 22 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), which protects freedom of association.	Ongoing
7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.9. Review of Information and Communications Act to bring it in line with Article 19 of the ICCPR. (204)			X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOInf	No new update. Refer to p. 74 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
7.2. Domestic legislation adequately protects freedom of expression, access to information and protection of media practitioners.	Legal Reform	7.2.11. Fully implement the Access to Information Act. (207)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOInf	No new update. Refer to p. 76 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

7.3. Security personnel are aware of media laws.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	7.3.1. Ensure the implementation of regular training on the importance of freedom of expression for security services as part of Security Sector Reform. (194)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOD, MOI, GAF, GPF	No new update. Refer to p. 78 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
7.4. A Conducive working environment to be created for journalists to carry out their work.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	7.4.1. Government to issue a standing invitation to all UN Special Procedures, including a Special Rapporteur on freedom of opinion and expression. (195)	X									MOJ	The Gambia has not issued standing invitations to any UN Special Procedures, including the Special Rapporteur on freedom of opinion and expression.	Not Implemented
7.4. A Conducive working environment to be created for journalists to carry out their work.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	7.4.2. Fully implement the UN Plan of Action on the Safety of Journalists and the Issue of Impunity. (205)		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOInf	No new update. Refer to p. 79 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

7.4. A Conducive working environment to be created for journalists to carry out their work.	Legal Reform	7.4.4. Review the November 2017 proposals of Article 19 on The Gambia: Draft Regulatory Guidelines on Media Ownership for adoption. (209)							XXXX		MOJ, MOInf	There is no public record that the Government has formally reviewed or adopted the November 2017 proposals by ARTICLE 19 regarding the Draft Regulatory Guidelines on Media Ownership. While these proposals were shared with Government stakeholders, media regulators, and civil society actors around July 2017, as part of broader media law reform discussions, there is no evidence that the Government reviewed or incorporated these guidelines into national regulatory frameworks.	Not Implemented	
THEME 8: ATTACK ON RELIGIOUS FREEDOM														
8.1. Accountability for the unlawful arrest and detention or persecution of religious leaders.	Justice & Accountability	8.1.1. Prosecute Yaya Jammeh for unlawful arrests and detention and torture of Ba Kawsu Fofana, Imam Baba Leigh, Sheikh Muhideen Hydara and Alhaiba Hydara and persecution of Ahmadiya Jamaat, Shia Muslims and Ndiggall Sect in The Gambia. (227)									XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 81 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Legal Reform	8.2.1. Ensure the Draft Constitution adequately covers the separation of State and Religion. (228)	X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 82 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Peace & Reconciliation	8.2.2. "Study Tour to two countries with exemplary systems of interfaith mechanism to learn best practice. (234A)	X						MOJ, MOLRGRA, JPC	There is no information that this recommendation has been conducted.	Not Implemented
8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Peace & Reconciliation	8.2.3. Government to implement reconciliation and social cohesion activities prior to" the implementation of the court's decision on Kerr Mot Hali. (229)	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOI, MOLRGRA, JPC	No new update. Refer to p. 83 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

8.2.Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Peace & Reconciliation	8.2.4. “Establishment of Peace Committee consisting of traditional leaders,” religious leaders and Ministry of Local Government, Lands and Religious Affairs and other relevant stakeholders to help resolve Kerr Mot Ali impasse. (230)								MOJ, MOLRGRA, JPC	No new update. Refer to p. 84 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing	
8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Peace & Reconciliation	8.2.5. “Resettlement of members of Ndiggall Sect still living in Senegal Kerr Mot Ali”.(230)				X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOI, MOLRGRA	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not implemented
8.2.Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	8.2.6. “Carry out Curriculum development for the” inclusion of religious tolerance and social cohesion as part of civic education at educational institutions. (231)				X	X	X	X		MOHERST, MOBSE	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not implemented

8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	8.2.7. Forward to Supreme Islamic Council, a recommendation for legislative framework to carry out its regulatory and other functions. (232)	X							MOJ	The recommendation was forwarded to the Supreme Islamic Council, ncil. The Supreme Islamic Council Bill has been drafted, reviewed and submitted to the Ministry of Justice to be tabled before the National Assembly. Additionally, the Supreme Islamic Council formulate a constitution that will regulate its activities and other related Islamic group under its purview.	Implemented
8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	8.2.8. Do a policy directive on the Head of State about not holding substantive or honorary position in any religious body or order. (233)	X							MOJ, OP	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
8.2. Peaceful coexistence between various religious denominations and sects.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	8.2.9. Improve Capacity and strengthen legal frameworks of existing interfaith structures. (234A)								MOJ, MOLRGRA	This recommendation is yet to be implemented	Not implemented

THEME 9: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS, TORTURE AND OTHER HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS

9.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junglers under the instructions of Jammeh.	Justice & Accountability	9.1.1. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh for Crimes committed by the Junglers on his behalf and under his instructions. (262)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 86 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
9.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junglers under the instructions of Jammeh.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	9.1.2. Implement measures to ban Jammeh from ever holding Public Office in The Gambia. (262)		X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 86 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
9.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junglers under the instructions of Jammeh.	Justice & Accountability	9.1.3. Prosecute all Junglers and other persons listed under this heading for the crimes committed. (263)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 86 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

9.1. Accountability for crimes committed by Junglers under the instructions of Jammeh.	Justice & Accountability	9.1.4. Conduct further investigation into the killings of Mariama Camara and Alpha Jallow with a view to prosecuting those found responsible. (266)				XXXX		MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 87 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
9.2. The military is aware of human rights and its role within a democratic society.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	9.2.1. Design and implement a course on Human Rights and the role of the Military in a democratic Society. (264)						MOJ, MOD, GAF, NHRC	No new update. Refer to p. 87 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
9.3. Forensic capacity exists for the identification and exhumation of disappeared persons.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	9.3.2. Carry out capacity development and training in exhumations and forensics. (265)				XXXX		MOJ, SPO, MOH, GPF	No new update. Refer to p. 88 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

9.3. Forensic capacity exists for the identification and exhumation of disappeared persons.	Reparations	9.3.3. Seek international Mutual Legal Assistance in locating Solo Bojang and other absconded perpetrators and ensure their cooperation in the identification of Burial sites of missing persons.		X									MOJ, GPF	No new update. Refer to p. 89 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
THEME 10: THE PRESIDENTS' ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT PROGRAMME															
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Justice & Accountability	10.1.1. Carry out further investigation into the acts of Yahya Jammeh and Dr. Tamsir Mbowe due to the high threshold to prove murder. (286)										XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 89 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Justice & Accountability	10.1.2. Prosecute Former President Jammeh and Dr. Tamsir Mbowe for knowingly causing the death of individuals conscripted into the sham PATP and deprived of life-saving treatment. (286)						XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 90 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Justice & Accountability	10.1.3. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh and Dr. Tamsir Mbowe for negligence causing the death of participants in the PATP. (287)						X	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 90 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Justice & Accountability	10.1.4. Prosecute Dr. Tamsir Mbowe for the inhumane and degrading treatment meted out to participants in the PATP. (280A)							X	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 91 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Justice & Accountability	10.1.5. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh for admitting children into the PATP in violation of the provisions of the Children's Act 2005 and the Convention of the Rights of the Child. (281A)							X	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 91 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.1.6. Revoke Dr. Tamsir Mbowe's practicing licence indefinitely for the role he played in the fake PATP. (282A)	X							MDC	No new update. Refer to p. 92 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.1.8. Strengthen and update the Council's Code of Conduct. (282A) (296)	X							MOJ, MDC	No new update. Refer to p. 93 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.1.9. Carry out sensitization on the Council's Code of Conduct. (282A) (296)	X							MOJ, MDC	The recommendation is yet to be implemented. However, MDC plans to conduct sensitisation on the Council's Code of Conduct once it is updated.	Not implemented
10.1. Accountability for perpetrators of gross human rights violations as part of the PATP.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.1.10. Ban Ansumana Jammeh from holding any position in Government at all levels and in any capacity. (283A)	X							MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 94 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.2. Strengthened regulations on the use of herbal medicine products and enhanced enforcement of applicable regulations.	Legal Reform	10.2.1. Review of laws and regulations on the use of herbal medicines. (284A)				X	X	X	X			MOJ, MOH, MCA	No new update. Refer to p. 94 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.2. Strengthened regulations on the use of herbal medicine products and enhanced enforcement of applicable regulations.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.2.2. Carry out sensitisation on the dangers of unregulated herbal medicine. (284A)				X	X	X	X			MOH, MCA	No new update. Refer to p. 95 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.2. Strengthened regulations on the use of herbal medicine products and enhanced enforcement of applicable regulations.	Legal Reform	10.2.4. Review Medical and Dental Council Act to identify inadequacies to enabled doctor and medical assistants to participate in and endorse the bogus treatment program. (297)	X							MOJ, MOH, MDC	No new update. Refer to p. 96 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.3. Better access to treatment, care, and health services for PLHIV.	Institutional Reform	10.3.2. Strengthen and increase the capacity of AIDS and HIV programmes to deliver services. (285A)			X	X	X	X	X	MOH, NAS	No new update. Refer to p. 97 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.3. Better access to treatment, care and health services for PLHIV.	Institutional Reform & Reparations	10.3.4. Enhance access to free primary and secondary school education for persons orphaned by HIV/AIDS. (295)	X							MOHERST, MOBSE	No new update. Refer to p. 99 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

10.4. Healthcare workers are equipped with knowledge on HIV/AIDS stigma and discrimination, the right to privacy for PLHIV, human rights and medical ethics in the context of HIV.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.4.1. Promote training on stigma and discrimination against PLHIV for health workers. (286A) (288)		X							MOH, MOHERST, MDC, NAQAA, NMC	No new update. Refer to p. 100 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
10.4. Healthcare workers are equipped with knowledge on HIV/AIDS stigma and discrimination, the right to privacy for PLHIV, human rights and medical ethics in the context of HIV.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.4.2. Review the curriculum of health training facilities to include information on stigma and discrimination, as well as the protection of privacy of PLHIV. (285A)	X								MOH, MOHERST, MDC, NAQAA, NMC	No formal review and update of the health training facilities curriculum has been done.	Not Implemented

10.4. Healthcare workers are equipped with knowledge on HIV/AIDS stigma and discrimination, the right to privacy for PLHIV, human rights and medical ethics in the context of HIV.	Legal Reform	10.4.3. Review the curriculum of health training facilities to include information on stigma and discrimination, as well as the protection of privacy of PLHIV (288)	X								MOJ, MOH, MDC, NMC	Healthcare-related regulations have not been reviewed or amended specifically to enhance provisions on ethics for healthcare providers.	Not Implemented
10.6. Increased availability of testing facilities nation-wide.	Institutional Reform	10.6.2. Conduct needs assessment for new testing facilities. (287A)		X							MOH, NAS	This is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

10.7. Existence of frameworks for the protection of the right to privacy of PLHIV/AIDS.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	10.7.1. Develop standards of reporting on persons living with HIV/AIDS for media practitioners. (290)		X										MOInf, GPU	No new update. Refer to p. 105 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Not Implemented	
THEME 11: SEXUAL AND GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE																	
11.1. Accountability for SGBV Violations perpetrated between 1994 and 2017.	Justice & Accountability	11.1.1. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh for the rape of Fatou Jallow (Toufa) and protected witness DB18, for ordering the rape of FB17 by the jungulars, and his role in other forms of SGBV. (310)												XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 105 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

11.1. Accountability for SGBV Violations perpetrated between 1994 and 2017.	Justice & Accountability	11.1.3. Prosecute General Solo Bojang and Captain Saihou Jallow for their role as superior officers in directing the witch-hunting exercise during which SGBV occurred. (312)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 106 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.1. Accountability for SGBV Violations perpetrated between 1994 and 2017.	justice & Accountability	11.1.4. Carry out investigations to identify Badjie, a PIU officer implicated in the torture of Sainabou Camara including on her genitals during the April 2000 student demonstrations. (313)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 107 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

11.1. Accountability for SGBV Violations perpetrated between 1994 and 2017.	Justice & Accountability	11.1.5 Prosecute Foday Barry, Baba Saho, Kawsu Camara (Bombardier), Alagie Martin, Solo Bojang Sheikh Omar Jeng for the multiple crimes they committed including the sexualized tortures they carried out. (314)							XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 107 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.1. Accountability for SGBV Violations perpetrated between 1994 and 2017.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	11.1.6. Implement measures to ban David Colley from taking up a government appointed position for 5 years for his role in SGBV violations. (315)	X							MOJ	David Colley passed away in December 2023. ¹⁴ However, there is no evidence that he was banned from taking up a government-appointed position for five years.	Not Implemented

¹⁴ <https://gambiana.com/gambias-former-prison-service-boss-david-colley-dies/> (The former Prison Boss died before the implementation)

11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.1. Identify existing one-stop centres and carry out a needs assessment with a view to strengthen them and build their capacity in areas such as the provision of PSS. (324) (317)		X						MOJ, MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 108 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.2. Carry out a needs assessment to identify communities with high prevalence of SGBV with a view to setting up new SGBV one-stop centres with an emphasis on the provision of PSS. (324)(316)		X						MOJ, MGCSW, GPF	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.3. Adopt a collaboration framework for justice institutions that work with children within the context of SGBV in order to be able to respond to the cases of SGBV in a more holistic manner. (318)								MOJ, GPF, NALA, JUDICIARY, ADRS	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.4. Carry out a capacity assessment for the Child protection unit of the Gambia Police Force and other institutions with child protection mandates with a view to increase efficiency of resource allocation. (318)								GPF	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not implemented

11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.6. Operationalise the Victims Domestic Violence support structures created under Section 9 of the Domestic Violence Act of 2013. (319)					X	X	X	X		MOJ, MGCSW, GPF	No new update. Refer to p. 111 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.2. The establishment of new, and enhancement of existing support systems for SGBV victims.	Institutional Reform	11.2.7. Expand access to the toll-free number for SGBV and increase awareness of its existence. (325)					X					MGCSW, PURA	No new update. Refer to p. 112 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.3. The existence of safe spaces for victims of SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.3.1. Carry out joint consultations with public and civil society with a view to identifying opportunities for the establishment of safe spaces for women. (320)					X					MOJ, MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 113 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

11.3. The existence of safe spaces for victims of SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.3.2. Identify existing safe spaces and work with partners and stakeholders towards strengthening these spaces. (321)							XXXX	MOJ, MGCSW, GPF	No new update. Refer to p. 113 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.3. The existence of safe spaces for victims of SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.3.3. Establish friendly spaces in police stations for cases of SGBV starting with bigger police stations without physical space constraints. (333)							XXXXXX	MGCSW, GPF	Refer to p. 114 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update. Additionally, The Gambia Police Force launched the Essau Model Police Station in August 2025 with dedicated spaces for gender and child protection. ¹⁵	Ongoing
11.3. The existence of safe spaces for victims of SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.3.4. Carry out a needs assessment of the government -run shelter at Bakoteh with a view to equipping it and increase its use. (322)							X	MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 115 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

¹⁵ <https://www.undp.org/gambia/press-releases/undp-government-gambia-launch-essau-model-police-station-landmark-community-policing-and-justice-access>

11.4. Existence of laws, policies, and manuals that protect and prevent SGBV.	Legal & Institutional Reform	11.4.1. Adopt the NHRC’s 2021 Sexual Harassment in the Workplace Policy as a national model.								MOJ, MOPS, MOTIE, NHRC	No new update. Refer to p. 116 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.4. Existence of laws, policies and manuals that protect and prevent SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.4.2. Enforce the requirement for all institutions including private and civil society to put in place sexual abuse and harassment policies. (335)			X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOTIE	There is no national requirement for all institutions to have a Sexual Abuse and Harassment Policy or Policies. However, the NHRC and the GPF have a Sexual Harassment Policy in place, while the ONS, with support from DECAF, is developing one for the security sector. Some private and Civil Society Organisations, such as ActionAid The Gambia and Child Fund The Gambia, also have the relevant policies in place.	Not Implemented
11.4. Existence of laws, policies and manuals that protect and prevent SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.4.3. Carry out an assessment of reporting channels for SGBV cases within public institutions with a view to expanding channels and promoting a culture of reporting. (327) (335)			X					MOPS, MGCSW	There is no evidence that an assessment of the reporting channels for SGBV cases within public institutions has been carried out.	Not Implemented

11.4. Existence of laws, policies, and manuals that protect and prevent SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.4.4. Carry out a needs assessment of key strategic law enforcement agencies dealing with SGBV with a view to building capacity to ensure a timely response and investigation of reported cases. (328)							XXXX	MOI, GPF, NAATIP	No new update. Refer to p. 117 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.4. Existence of laws, policies and manuals that protect and prevent SGBV.	Institutional Reform	11.4.5. Develop SOPs for key law enforcement agencies dealing with SGBV matters. (328)							XXXX	MOI, MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 118 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
11.5. Increased capacity of public institutions and actors on SGBV matters.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	11.5.2. Establish a collaboration mechanism between public institutions and CSOs in addressing SGBV and in supporting resource mobilisation initiatives where possible. (329)							)	MOJ, MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 120 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

11.5. Increased capacity of public institutions and actors on SGBV matters.	Justice & Accountability	11.5.3. Create special diaries separate from the General Diary for SGBV cases with measures to ensure confidentiality. (336)						MOI, GPF	No "special diaries" for SGBV cases have been created.	Not Implemented
11.6. Increased public education, training and access to information on SGBV related matters.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	11.6.1. Work with public institutes of higher learning on research to interrogate the root causes of SGBV with a focus on proposing solutions for turning the tide through innovative approaches in particular through behavioural change. (330)					XXXX	MOHERST, NCCE	No new update. Refer to p. 122 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

11.6. Increased public education, training and access to information on SGBV related matters.	Capacity Building	11.6.2. Work with relevant institutions of higher learning to develop and implement a professional program in social work including a route to licensing clinical social workers.				X	X	X	X	X			MOHERST, NAQAA	The Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Welfare (MoGCSW), in collaboration with the University of The Gambia (UTG) and UNICEF, is working on launching an undergraduate degree programme in Social Work at the UTG. This initiative aims to establish a professional social work programme that includes a pathway toward licensing clinical social workers in The Gambia. ¹⁶	Ongoing
11.6. Increased public education, training and access to information on SGBV related matters.	Institutional Reform	11.6.3. Convert the current system of booklet form diaries to electronic diaries in staggered manner starting with major police stations and eventually expanding to all other police stations in the country. (336)										XX	MOI, GPF	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

¹⁶ <https://foroyaa.net/unicef-and-university-of-the-gambia-partner-to-launch-child-rights-centre/>

¹⁷ <https://www.utg.edu.gm/call-for-applications-for-admission-2025-2026-academic-year/>

11.7. Increased public awareness on rights and responsibilities within the context of SGBV.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	11.7.1. Carry out awareness raising campaign on the existence of special law enforcement units and other public institutions dealing with SGBV matters. (328)		X						MOI, MGCSW, GPF	The Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Welfare, in partnership with the Network Against Gender-Based Violence (NGBV) and UN agencies such as UNICEF, UNFPA and UNDP, regularly organises awareness campaigns to inform the public about available services and specialised units handling SGBV cases in the Gambia. Multiple awareness campaigns occurred throughout 2025 highlighting special law enforcement units (like the Gambia Police Force's Gender and Child Protection Unit) and public institutions (Ministry of Justice SGDVI Unit, one-stop centres) handling SGBV cases. ¹⁸	Implemented
11.7. Increased public awareness on rights and responsibilities within the context of SGBV.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	11.7.3. Implement a civic education program for SGBV.			X	X	X	X		MGCSW, NCCE	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

¹⁸ <https://standard.gm/ngbv-launches-caravan-to-combat-gender-based-violence/>

11.7. Increased public awareness on rights and responsibilities within the context of SGBV.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	11.7.4. Review and update the National Action Plan on SGBV to ensure that women are empowered to live full and dignified lives free from abuse, discrimination and violence. (338)				X	X	X	X			MGCSW	No new update. Refer to p. 125 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
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THEME 12: THEME 12: PRESIDENT'S WITCH HUNT EXERCISE										
12.1. Accountability for the violations that happened during the witch- hunt exercises between 2008 and 2009.	Justice & Accountability	12.1.1. The prosecution of Yahya Jammeh, Solo Bojang and Saikou Jallow for the murder, manslaughter of forty- one (41) individuals (Jamburr (18), Sintet (13), Makumbuya (2), and Essau (8) who died as a result of being targeted and forced to drink toxic concoctions which resulted in all the deaths. (355)							XX	MOJ, SPO
								No new update. Refer to p. 126 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.		Ongoing

12.1. Accountability for the violations that happened during the witch- hunt exercises between 2008 and 2009.	Justice & Accountability	12.1.2. Prosecution of Yahya Jammeh, Solo Bojang, Ensa Badjie, Tambajiro, Saikou Jallow, Omar Jawo for the inhumane and degrading treatment and torture inflicted on the victims during the witch hunting exercise. (356)								XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 127 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
12.1. Accountability for the violations that happened during the witch- hunt exercises between 2008 and 2009.	Justice & Accountability	12.1.3. Initiate disciplinary proceedings against Tamsir Bah for his role in the unlawful arrest and detention of Nyima Jarju and her baby and mother in-in-law Fatou Bojang in 2009 during the Sintet witch hunt exercises. (357)				XXXX					MOJ, MOI, GPF	Based on available official records, there is no public announcement detailing specific disciplinary measures or sanctions imposed against Tamsir Bah beyond the government’s acceptance of the Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations Commission (TRRC) recommendation.	Not implemented

12.1. Accountability for the violations that happened during the witch- hunt exercises between 2008 and 2009.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	12.1.4. Take legal measures to Ban Ensa Badjie, and Omar Jawo from serving in the security services or holding any public office in the civil service or government in general. (358)			X									MOJ	The Ban from Public Office Act has been enacted into Law. However, Ensa Badjie is deceased. There is no evidence that Omar Jawo, the former police commissioner, was relieved of his appointment as Police Commissioner of the Lower River Region in 2012. ¹⁹	Not Implemented
12.2. Existence of legal measures to protect against discrimination and stigma connected to accusations of witchcraft.	Legal Reform	12.2.1. Include provisions in the draft Criminal Offences Bill, criminalising the labelling of individuals as wizards and witches. (359)			X									MOJ, NA	No new update. Refer to p. 128 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

¹⁹ <https://allafrica.com/stories/201210240611.html>

12.2. Existence of legal measures to protect against discrimination and stigma connected to accusations of witchcraft.	Legal Reform	12.2.2. Carry out a joint review of the standard operating procedures of the Security Forces to ensure that existing guidelines regulating their operations protect against the carrying out of unlawful orders. (362)				X	X	X	X	X				MOJ, MOD, MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 129 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
12.3. Increased public awareness on the negative impact of branding individuals as wizards and witches on the accused and society in general.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	12.3.1. Conduct a series of trainings and targeted sensitisation campaigns for security personnel, CSOs, religious leaders and community heads on the negative impact of branding individuals as witches. (360)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			MOJ, MOH, MDC, NHRC	No new update. Refer to p. 130 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

12.3. Increased public awareness on the negative impact of branding individuals as wizards and witches on the accused and society in general.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	12.3.2. Design a civic education program designed to change mind-sets and attitudes of communities regarding the stigma attached to witchcraft branding so as to remove the negative impact against persons accused of being witches and wizards. (361)												MOJ, NHRC, NCCE	No Civic Education programme has been developed in line with the recommendation.	Not Implemented
12.3. Increased public awareness on the negative impact of branding individuals as wizards and witches on the accused and society in general.	Guarantees of Non- Repetition	12.3.3. Create a multi- sectoral taskforce including the NHRC and relevant CSO's to interrogate the issue of witchcraft labelling and explore innovative approaches to changing mindsets and attitudes. (361)												MOJ, NHRC , NCCE ,CSOs	There is no public record confirming that the implementing institutions have formally established a dedicated multi-sectoral task force specifically focused on witchcraft labelling.	Not Implemented

THEME 13: ENFORCED DISAPPEARANCES													
13.1. Accountability for enforced disappearances and killing of victims between 1994 and 2017.	Justice & Accountability	13.1.1. Prosecute Yahya Jammeh and the Jungulars for the unlawful disappearance and killing of victims of enforced disappearances. (380)								XX	MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 132 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
13.1. Accountability for enforced disappearances and killing of victims between 1994 and 2017.	Legal Reform	13.1.2. Include the offence of enforced disappearances in the draft Criminal Offences Bill before the National Assembly. (380)		X							MOJ, NA	As at the time of this update, the Criminal Offences Act has no provision specifically criminalizing the offence of enforced disappearances	Not implemented

13.1. Accountability for enforced disappearances and killing of victims between 1994 and 2017.	Legal Reform	13.1.3. Draft a Bill for the domestication of the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearances ratified in 2018. (382)		X							MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 133 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
13.1. Accountability for enforced disappearances and killing of victims between 1994 and 2017.	Legal Reform	13.1.4. Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearances. (382)		X							MOJ, MOFA, NA	The Gambia has commenced the process of ratifying the Optional Protocol to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearances as of December 2025.	Ongoing

13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.2. Set up a special cooperation framework on enforced disappearances with relevant organisations to coalesce local and international support and resources in the area of enforced disappearances. (383) (402) (532)			X	X	X	X	X	X			MOJ	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.3. Develop comprehensive strategy and plan for the search, identification, excavation and investigation of existing burial sites and the identification of new ones. (381)			X	X	X	X	X				MOJ, MOH	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not implemented

13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.4. Establish official Channels of Communication with Ghana, Senegal and other victim countries to facilitate information sharing. (381) (402)		X										MOJ, MOFA	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.5. Establish cooperation framework with the Government of Senegal towards collaboration in identifying cross border burial sites. (381) (402)		X										MOJ, MOFA	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented
13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.6. Provide adequate protection for suspected burial sites identified by the Commission of Inquiry and the Task Force. (381)		X										MOJ, MOI, MOH	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.7. Investigate allegations of missing babies and, amongst other things identify these babies, the circumstances of their disappearance and where they disappeared and the perpetrators. (383) (402)		X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOI, MOH	Investigation into the allegations of missing babies and connected matters is yet to commence. The Special Prosecutor's Office is expected to investigate these allegations.	Not implemented
13.2. Knowledge of the fate and whereabouts of missing persons.	Justice, Accountability & Reparations	13.2.8. Investigate the crocodile ponds in Kanilai in order to determine whether babies and other human remains were disposed of there. (383) (402)		X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOI, MOH	This recommendation has not been implemented. It is expected that this will be conducted once the Special Prosecutor's Office is set up.	Not implemented
13.3. Families of disappeared persons are provided with necessary support throughout the investigation & trial stage.	Reparations	13.3.1. Develop a gender- sensitive policy and action plan to provide support and rehabilitation for families of forcibly disappeared persons. (381)		X							MOJ, MoWCSW	There is no comprehensive gender-sensitive policy and action plan specifically aimed at providing support and rehabilitation for families of forcibly disappeared persons.	Not Implemented

13.3. Families of disappeared persons are provided with necessary support throughout the investigation & trial stage.	Reparations	13.3.2. Establish interim procedures for the issuance of “Certificates of Absence” or Death Certificates to families of disappeared persons who have been confirmed to have died. (381)	X											MOJ, MOH	Interim procedures for the issuance of “Certificates of Absence” or death certificates to families of disappeared persons who have been confirmed to have died are yet to be established. ²⁰	Not Implemented
13.3. Families of disappeared persons are provided with necessary support throughout the investigation & trial stage.	Legal Reform	13.3.3. Amend relevant legislation to make provision for the issuance of “Certificates of Absence” to the families of victims of enforced disappearances. (381)	X											MOJ, MOH, NA	There is no evidence that relevant legislation has been enacted or amended to provide for “Certificates of Absence” to the families of the victims of enforced disappearances.	Not Implemented

²⁰ <https://www.ohchr.org/en/meeting-summaries/2025/03/examen-de-la-gambie-au-comite-des-disparitions-forcees-les-experts-se>

13.4. Increased capacity and expertise in the investigation and prosecution of enforced disappearances.	Justice & Accountability	13.4.1. Carry out short and long-term training on forensics for investigators and medical personnel as well as for prosecutors and the judiciary. (381) (533)					X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOI, MOH, JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 139 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
13.4. Increased capacity and expertise in the investigation and prosecution of enforced disappearances.	Institutional Reform	13.4.2. Establish a missing persons unit at the Gambia Police Force. (382)				X	X	X	X	X	X			MOJ, MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 140 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Not Implemented
13.4. Increased capacity and expertise in the investigation and prosecution of enforced disappearances.	Institutional Reform	13.4.3. In collaboration with partners, carry out trainings for justice and security personnel on the illegality of enforced disappeared. (382)					X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOD, MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 140 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

THEME 14: FOR THE KILLING OF WEST AFRICAN MIGRANTS											
14.1. Accountability for the killing of West African migrants is achieved.	Justice & Accountability	14.1.1. Prosecute the following individuals for their roles in the unlawful killings of the West African Migrants and the cover up of these killings: (400) (i) Yahya Jammeh (ii) Ousman Sonko (iii) Solo Bojang (iv) Malick Jatta (Alfidie) (v) Sanna Manjang (vi) Kawsu Camara (Bombardier) (vii) Tumbul Tamba (viii) Bai Lowe (ix) Nuha Badjie (x) Landing Tamba (xi) Alieu Jeng (xii) Omar A. Jallow (Oya) (xiii) Buboucarr Jallow (xiv) Lamin Sillah							X	X	MOJ, SPO
										The Special Prosecutor's Act 2024 has been enacted into law, and efforts are being made to operationalise the office. It is envisaged that the Office will investigate and prosecute individuals for their roles in the unlawful killings of the West African Migrants and the cover-up of these killings.	
										Ongoing	

14.2. Security force well trained in international human rights instruments, including AU, ECOWAS, UN.	Institutional Reform & capacity building	14.2.1. Develop and implement in close collaboration with relevant institutions regular training on human rights for security forces on human rights including on regional (ECOWAS) and international human rights instruments. (403)	X	X	X	X	X							MOJ, MOD, MOI, NHRC	No new update. Refer to p. 142 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
14.3. Enhanced capabilities on data and information storage by the Police.	Institutional Reform & capacity building	14.3.1. Extend the Electronic Record Management System implemented by the National Records Services of the Gambia Police Force (404)				X	X	X	X	X				MOI, NRO	Based on available evidence, there is no information that the Electronic Record Management System (ERMS) implemented by the National Records Services has been extended specifically to the Gambia Police Force (GPF) as of December 2025.	Not Implemented

14.3. Enhanced capabilities on data and information storage by the Police	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	14.3.2. Provide training for security personnel on the accurate collection, documentation and preservation of data obtained in the course of investigations or security personnel on the accurate collection, documentation and preservation of data obtained in the course of investigations. (404)				X	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOD, MOI, NRO (MOJ)	No new update. Refer to p. 143 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
THEME 15: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (NIA)																
15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention and torture by intelligence officers.	Justice & Accountability	15.1.4. Initiate mutual legal assistance procedures to secure the extradition of Edriss Jobe (Alagie Morr) or cooperate in his prosecution by a third country). (421)			X	X	X	X	X	X	X			MOJ, SPO, MOFA, JUDICIARY, IGP	No new update. Refer to p. 146 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention and torture by intelligence officers.	Justice & Accountability	15.1.5. Prosecute Edrissa Jobe (Alagie Morr) for the torture against Lamin Karbou and others at the NIA. (421)						X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 146 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
No15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention, and torture by intelligence officers.	Justice & Accountability	15.1.6. Prosecute Lamin Darboe, the head of the Special Operations Unit, for his role in all the tortures committed by Special Operations at the NIA. (422)						X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 147 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Not implemented

15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention and torture by intelligence officers.	Justice & Accountability	15.1.7. Refer to Basiru Sey, Alasan Baldeh and Gibril Kanyi to the Special prosecutor for further review for all the acts of torture they committed as members of the Special Operations Unit. (423)								MOJ, SPO	The named individuals have not been prosecuted. There is no evidence of their referral to be reprimanded	Not Implemented
15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention and torture by intelligence officers.	Justice & Accountability	15.1.8. Carry out further investigations to dismiss and ban Lt. Col Amadou Bojang, Ebrima Ceesay, Babucarr Trawally, Alpha Bojang and Babucarr Singhateh from working in the security services and consider the possibility of charging them with torture domestically. (424)								MOJ, SPO, GAF	There is no evidence that further investigations have been carried out to dismiss and ban Lt. Col Amadou Bojang, Ebrima Ceesay, Babucarr Trawally, Alpha Bojang, and Babucarr Singhateh from working in the security services, or that steps have been taken to consider charging them with torture domestically.	Not Implemented

15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention, and torture by intelligence officers.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	15.1.9. Subject to a prior review by the National Security Council, ban the following present and former NIA officials who directly and indirectly participated in the torture of detainees and other gross human rights violations and abuses from holding any office with the government of The Gambia for a minimum of 10 years which the Commission believes commensurate with the severity of their actions: Lamin Bo Baaji, Tejan Bah, Foday Barry, Ebrima Jim Drammeh, Salimina Drammeh, Momodou Hydera, Ousman Jallow, Lamin Jobarteh (Babadinding), and Baba Saho (426)	XXXXXX	MOJ	During the reporting period, no ban—subject to prior review by the National Security Council—on Lamin Bo Baaji, Tejan Bah, Foday Barry, Ebrima Jim Drammeh, Salimina Drammeh, Momodou Hydera, Ousman Jallow, Lamin Jobarteh (Babadinding), and Baba Saho from holding any office with the government of The Gambia for a minimum of 10 years has been implemented.	Not implemented
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15.1. Accountability for arrests, unlawful detention and torture by intelligence officers.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	15.1.10. Ban Harry Sambou from holding public office for the five years from holding public office for his participation in the torture of Omar Dampha and Ballo Kante. (427)	X							MOJ	The Ban from Public Office Act has been enacted. However, there is no evidence that Harry Sambou has been banned from holding public office for five years for his participation in the torture of Omar Dampha and Ballo Kante.	Not implemented
15.2. A reformed National Intelligence Agency.	Legal Reform	15.2.1. Review the NIA Act to refocus the mandate of the NIA on its traditional intelligence gathering role and related responsibilities. (428)	X							MOJ, NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 150 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
15.2. A reformed National Intelligence Agency.	Institutional Reform	15.2.2. Review the NIA's operational mandate with a view to reforming the institution in terms of the exercise of police powers (429)		X						NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 151 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

15.2. A reformed National Intelligence Agency.	Institutional Reform	15.2.3. Reform the NIA as part of ongoing SSR to ensure excesses of the past are not repeated and violations of individual's rights are addressed. (430) (431)	XXXXXXXXXX	MOJ, NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 151 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
15.2. A reformed National Intelligence Agency.	Institutional Reform	15.2.4. Implement the vetting bill once enacted to ensure the Intelligence agency is managed by qualified and experienced personnel. (432)	XXXXXXXXXX	NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 151 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
15.2. A reformed National Intelligence Agency.	Institutional Reform	15.2.5. Implement minimum standards for detention facilities for all detention facilities and to the greatest extent feasible they meet minimum international standards. (433)	XXXXXXXXXX	NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 152 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

15.3. Professionally trained intelligence officers.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	15.3.1. Implement training to inculcate a culture of discipline and values that promote respect for fundamental human rights and freedoms and the rule of law for intelligence officers. (434)	XXXXXXXXXX	MOJ, NHRC, NIA	No new update. Refer to p. 152 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
THEME 16: INSTITUTIONAL HEARINGS: PRISONS						
16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform	16.1.1. Review and implement an updated scheme of service for Prison Officers detailing minimum qualifications to ensure Prisons are manned by competent officers. (448)	XXXXX	MOI, GPS, PMO	No new update. Refer to to p. 148 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Legal Reform	16.1.2. Expedite the review of the Prison Act and table it before the National Assembly. (449)	X							MOI, MOJ, GPS, NA	No new update. Refer to p. 154 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform	16.1.3. Expand training courses and create rehabilitation program in prisons especially Jeshwang prison with a focus on young offenders to reduce their chances of reoffending once released. (452) (465) (479)								MOI, GPS, Social Welfare	No new update. Refer to p. 154 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform	16.1.4. Review the financial subvention provided to the Prison on the annual budget to ensure that it is adequate. (455)						X				MOI, MOFEA, NA	No new update. Refer to p. 155 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.1.5. Implement a training program for prison cooks and food handlers, and implement documented food safety standards. (456)						X				MOI, GPS, FSQA	No new update. Refer to p. 156 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.1.6. Conclude an MOU between the Gambia Prisons Services and the Ministry of health for the provision of qualified health personnel to prisons and for the training of prison staff attached to	X											MOI, MOH, GPS	As of December 2025, no Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was concluded between the Gambia Prisons Service and the Ministry of Health specifically for the provision of qualified health personnel to prisons and for the training of prison staff attached to prison clinics.	Not implemented
16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.1.7. Revive the Visiting Committees as provided for in the Prison Act to carry out regular inspection visits to prisons. (460)	X											MOJ, MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 158 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.1.9. Implement administrative measures to ensure that the other security institutions are not given direct administrative responsibility of the prisons over the GPS. (468)	X								MOI, Cabinet	No new update. Refer to p. 159 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.1. An efficient and professional prison service staffed by competent officers and operating under acceptable international standards.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.1.10. Implement clear procedures for access to prisoners to ensure that prisoners are not exposed to torture either internally or by external security agencies. (469)				X	X	X	X		MOI, GPS	No new update. Refer to p. 159 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.2. A reduction in the time accused persons spend in detention during trials.	Institutional Reform	16.2.1. Expedite the digitalisation of the Judiciary to address the existing challenges. Ensure expeditious disposal of criminal cases.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, GPF, NALA, JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 160 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.2. A reduction in the time accused persons spend in detention during trials.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	16.2.2. Carry out enhanced training for judges, prosecutors, legal aid and private practitioners on procedural matters to reduce delays in appeal and remand cases to reduce remand.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, GBA, GLC, GPF, NALA, JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 161 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.2. A reduction in the time accused persons spend in detention during trials.	Institutional Reform	16.2.3. Carry out an assessment and develop sustainable strategies for dealing with cases judiciously and expeditiously. (462)			X					JUDICIARY, MOJ, NALA	No new update. Refer to p. 162 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.1. Review the findings of the rapid assessment that was carried out of the system and develop a strategy and roadmap for the modernisation of the prison system in line with the Mandela Minimum				X				MOI	The Prison Rapid Assessment Report highlighted the challenges and opportunities for continued reform of The Gambia Prisons Service, which the government is using to modernise and improve the conditions of the prison. The Government announced in September 2025 the plans underway to replace the country's ageing prison infrastructure with a modern correctional facility designed to prioritise rehabilitation over punishment.	Ongoing

16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.2. While overhaul or transfer the Mile 2 prisons, carry out upgrades to the existing facilities to address overcrowding. (451)					X						MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 164 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.3. Construct female wings for all prisons in the country. (453)						X					MOI	The Prison Wing built within the Janjanbureh Prison in June 2022 has a specific cell that houses female inmates. There is no evidence that a female wing has been constructed at Mile II and Jeshwang Prison.	Not Implemented

16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.4. Gradually expand the cooking equipment overhaul carried out in Mile II to other prisons in the country. (457)	X		X	X	X	X		MOI	The cooking equipment overhaul has been completed at Mile II Prison, but there is no evidence that the same level of upgrade has been extended to Jeshwang and Jangjanbureh Prisons.	Ongoing
16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.5. Identify cells to be designated as Quarantine Cells in the event of a communicable disease outbreak. (459)			X					MOI	There is no evidence that cells specifically designated as quarantine cells have been systematically established in the prisons.	Not implemented
16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.6. Ensure that all prisons are equipped with at least one functional ambulance for quick and easy Refer torals to nearby health facilities. (461)			X					MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 166 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.7. Gradually carry out a separation of female remand wings from female inmate wings as part of the prison reform agenda. (472)	X			X	X	X	X	X	X		MOI	There is no specific evidence confirming that the Moi has established or built designated female remand wings and female convicted wings.	Not implemented
16.3. Improved physical infrastructure and equipment for the better functioning of the prison.	Institutional Reform	16.3.8. Implement long-term measures to ensure that female prisoners are held in the least restrictive environment possible while balancing the specific circumstance of each female prisoner's incarceration. (473)				X	X	X	X				MOI	This recommendation is yet to be implemented because long-term measures to ensure that female prisoners are held in the least restrictive environment possible are not in place.	Not Implemented
16.4. Reduced custodial sentences or alternative penalties exist for certain types of petty crimes especially those committed by young offenders.	Institutional Reform	16.4.1. Expedite the development and the launching of the sentencing guidelines to ensure sentences are commensurate to offences committed. (463)	X										JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 168 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

16.4. Reduced custodial sentences or alternative penalties exist for certain types of petty crimes especially those committed by young offenders.	Institutional Reform	16.4.3. Implement the provisions of Section 218(2) of the Children’s Act on the incarceration of expectant or nursing mothers. (474)	X									MOJ, MOI, GPS, Social Welfare	No new update. Refer to p. 169 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
16.5. Accountability for tortures meted out on prisoners.	Justice & Accountability	16.5.1. The prosecution of David Colley, Ebrima Jammeh (Chief torturer), Yahya Jarju, Saikouba Jarju, and Muhammed Jabbi for tortures meted out on prisoners such as Samba Doro Bah. (466)				X	X	X	X			MOJ, SPO	No new update. Refer to p. 170 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

17.2. Respect and adherence to Court orders by public officers.	Institutional Reform- (Judicial)	17.2.1. Carry out sensitisation of public officials on the respect for Court orders and the consequences of non-adherence to court orders. (498)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, JUDICIARY, PMO	While training and sensitisation efforts are ongoing within the judiciary and other related institutions to promote respect for court orders, there is no clear evidence of a comprehensive, government-wide sensitisation campaign explicitly focused on public officials' adherence to court orders and the consequences of non-compliance. Challenges with enforcement and respect for court rulings by some government actors persist. ²¹	Not Implemented
17.3. Effective leadership of the justice sector.	Institutional Reform	17.3.1. Carry out a study on the implications of the fusion of the position of Attorney General and Minister of Justice and consider the potential benefits of separating the two positions. (499)	X								MOJ	There is no public evidence that a completed formal study has been published yet.	Not Implemented

²¹ [www.rightofassembly.info/assets/downloads/Report of Gambia to the ACHPR \(2018\).pdf](http://www.rightofassembly.info/assets/downloads/Report%20of%20Gambia%20to%20the%20ACHPR%20(2018).pdf)

17.4. Accountability for unlawful acts by justice sector actors.	Guarantees of Non-Repetition	17.4.1. Refer to former Justice Minister Lamin A.M.S. Jobarteh to the General Legal Council for disciplinary review for his role in the unlawful executions of the 9 Mile 2 death row inmates. (500)	X								MOJ, GLC	There is no information showing that the Ministry of Justice has formally referred former Justice Minister Lamin A.M.S. Jobarteh to the General Legal Council for disciplinary review regarding the unlawful executions of the nine Mile 2 death row inmates.	Not Implemented.
17.5. A new and progressive Constitution which departs from the flawed 1997 Constitution.	Legal Reform	17.5.1. As part of the General law reform, review the former decrees saved by section 7 (c) of the 1997 Constitution with a view to repealing those that are antithetical to a democratic society. (501)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, LRC, NA	This recommendation is yet to be implemented.	Not Implemented

17.5. A new and progressive Constitution which departs from the flawed 1997 Constitution.	Legal Reform	17.5.2. Expedite the revival of the constitutional review process. (502)	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, NA	No new update. Refer to p. 177 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
17.6. Increased access to justice for the public.	Institutional Reform- (Judicial)	17.6.1. Establish additional High Courts throughout the country. (504)			X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOLRGRA, JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 177 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
17.6. Increased access to justice for the public.	Institutional Reform- (Judicial)	17.6.2. Appoint additional Gambian Judicial Officers to reduce the backlog of cases. (504)			X	X	X	X	X	JUDICIARY	No new update. Refer to p. 178 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

17.6. Increased access to justice for the public.	Institutional Reform- (Judicial)	17.6.3. Hire and deploy more State Counsel and Legal Aid officers on a permanent basis to staff regional courts. (504)			X	X	X	X	X			MOJ, NALA	The Ministry has employed more state counsel over the last three years. Two State Counsel are now permanently assigned to handle cases in Basse and Mansakonko High Courts.	Ongoing
17.6. Increased access to justice for the public.	Institutional Reform- (Judicial)	17.6.4. Carry out a review of conditions of service for judges, State Counsel and Legal Aid Lawyers to attract and retain competent staff. (504)	X									MOJ, NALA, JUDICIARY, JSC, PMO	No new update. Refer to p. 179 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
17.7. Legislation that shields perpetrators from prosecution from past offences is repealed or blunted.	Legal Reform	17.7.1. Review the provisions of the indemnity Act on the retroactivity for certain offences committed by public officers. (503)	X									MOJ	The Ministry of Justice reviewed the Indemnity Act to assess its compatibility with the Constitution, the TRRC recommendations, and international norms, particularly in relation to accountability, access to justice, and institutional independence. A report was submitted to the draft person to commence official drafting of the Bill to be tabled before the National Assembly.	Ongoing

THEME 18: REPARATIONS												
18.1. An effective and well-functioning body to administer reparations is established.	Legal Reform	18.1.3. Ensure universal registration of victims in the law, not previously registered by the TRRC. (521)	X							MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 181 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
18.1. An effective and well-functioning body to administer reparations is established.	Institutional Reform & Capacity Building	18.1.4. Carry out mass sensitisation on the transformative nature of Reparations.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, NCCE, CSOs, RS	No new update. Refer to p. 181 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
18.1. An effective and well-functioning body to administer reparations is established.	Institutional Reform	18.1.6. Set up and equip reparations body to effectively carry out its mandate.			X	X				MOJ, RC, MOFEA	The Reparations Commission has secured an Office Space, and it has started operating. Reports indicate that the Commission has already begun disbursing reparations, with victims receiving partial payments. This shows the body is functional and actively carrying out its mandate. ²²	Implemented

²² [Explainer: How The Gambia's Reparations Commission is Compensating Jammeh-Era Victims](#)

18.2. Mechanisms exist to identify and exhume remains of victims of enforced disappearances for reburial.	Institutional Reform	18.2.1. Establish a mechanism for the exhumation and forensic identification of remains of victims of enforced disappearance. (520) (265)				X	X	X	X		MOJ, SPO, MOH	While the Government has recognised the importance of a mechanism for exhumation and forensic identification of disappeared victims and has taken initial steps through the TRRC, a fully functional, independent mechanism is yet to be established. Identification of exhumed remains is pending due to a lack of human and material resources.	Not Implemented
18.2. Mechanisms exist to identify and exhume remains of victims of enforced disappearances for reburial.	Reparations	18.2.2. Return identified remains to the families for proper burial. (520)								XX	MOJ, SPO, MOH	The Government is yet to return the identified remains to the families for proper burial.	Not Implemented

18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.1. Provide immediate and long-term health care for victims who continue to suffer the debilitating effects of the violations meted against them. (527)	X							MOJ, MOH	No new update. Refer to p. 184 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.2. Refer to the survivors of Corporal Saihou Sidibeh, Corporal Essa Keita, Private Ebrima Manneh, Staff Sgt. Lamin Badjie, Private Bakary Saidy and Private Ebrima Bojang died defending the territorial integrity of The Gambia, to the Reparations Commission to be classified as victims. (427)	X							MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 185 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.3. Grant posthumous honours to Corporal Saihou Sidibeh, Corporal Essa Keita, Private Ebrima Manneh, Staff Sgt. Lamin Badjie, Private Bakary Saidy and Private Ebrima Bojang died defending the territorial integrity of The Gambia. (472)		X						MOD, GAF	There is no available official announcement, gazette, or documented ceremony explicitly confirming that posthumous honours have been formally awarded to these specific soldiers.	Not implemented
18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.4. Provide transformative reparations to victims within the framework of the Reparations body.							XX	MOJ, MOFEA, RC	No new update. Refer to p. 186 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.5. Carry out review of civil servants who were unlawfully dismissed and denied their pensions and make arrangements to restore their pensions. (530)	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOPS, PMO	There is no clear evidence that civil servants who were unlawfully dismissed and denied their pensions have had their cases reviewed or arrangements made to restore their pensions. ²³	Not Implemented
18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.7. Provide PSS to victims as part of the reparations process. (522)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MOH, RC	No new update. Refer to p. 188 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

²³ https://thepoint.gm/africa/gambia/headlines/govt-stops-over-1424-absentee-workers-salaries#google_vignette

18.3. Victims receive effective reparation for suffering as a result of human rights violations.	Reparations	18.3.8. The Gambia National Army should grant honourable discharges to those officers who were unlawfully dismissed from the army. (529)		X									MOD, GAF	There is no explicit public record or official statement confirming that the Government has formally instructed the Gambia National Army to grant honourable discharges to officers who were unlawfully dismissed.	Not Implemented
THEME 19: RECONCILIATION															
19.1. Effective structures and strategies for the promotion of reconciliation exist.	Institutional Reform	19.1.1. Establish a decentralised Peace and Reconciliation Commission with a clear mandate to promote peace, reconciliation and healing and to foster social cohesion. (545)		X	X	X	X	X					MOJ, MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 189 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

19.1. Effective structures and strategies for the promotion of reconciliation exist.	Institutional Reform	19.1.2. Develop a national reconciliation strategy to guide the national reconciliation process. (545)		X						MOJ, PRC	There is no evidence that the Implementing Entities have developed a formal, comprehensive national reconciliation strategy to guide the national reconciliation process as recommended by the Truth, Reconciliation and Reparations Commission (TRRC).	Not Implemented
19.1. Effective structures and strategies for the promotion of reconciliation exist.	Institutional Reform	19.1.3. Create a program for the promotion of cultural values and practices that foster indigenous knowledge of shared norms and values that are central to peace making and averting conflict. (547)		X						MOJ, NCAC, NCCE, PRC	No new update. Refer to p. 190 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

19.1. Effective structures and strategies for the promotion of reconciliation exist.	Institutional Reform	19.1.4. Include discussions on the role of diaspora in the TJ process as part of the annual diaspora dialogues. (551)				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ, MSDG, PRC	No new update. Refer to p. 190 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
19.2. A peaceful Gambia characterized by social cohesion and national unity.	Institutional Reform	19.2.1. Organise a roundtable discussion on the role of faith-based organisations as frontline actors in the promotion of healing and reconciliation in The Gambia. (548)	X										MOJ, GCC, PRC, SIC	In May 2024, the Ministry of Lands and Religious Affairs, together with civil society and faith-based organisations, held roundtable discussions and engaged faith leaders as frontline actors in promoting healing and reconciliation. ²⁴ Additionally, on August 29th, 2025, stakeholders from government institutions, civil society, and diverse faith communities held a roundtable discussion on Promoting Religious Tolerance and Social Cohesion in The Gambia. ²⁵ The religious committee was established with its constitution that guides interfaith relationships and safeguards the common commitment to live in unity and harmony.	Implemented

²⁴ <https://talkabout.iclrs.org/2023/04/19/religions-roles-in-peacebuilding-in-the-gambia%E2%82%AC%91%BC/>

²⁵ [Interfaith-Based Dialogue - WAVE Gambia](#)

19.2. A peaceful Gambia characterized by social cohesion and national unity.	Institutional Reform	19.2.2. Support the National Youth Council in promotion of national healing through its peace organisations and networks. (550)				X	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ, MOYS, NYC	No new update. Refer to p. 191 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
19.2. A peaceful Gambia characterised by social cohesion and national unity.	Institutional Reform	19.2.3. Organise a day of national reconciliation to promote national peace and unity. (548)				X								MOJ, PRC	A day of national reconciliation has not been organised yet.	Not Implemented

THEME 20: MEMORIALISATION												
20.2. Memorials exist throughout the country as a way of acknowledging and remembering the victims of human rights violations.	Reparations	20.2.1. Renaming the Arch 22 Memorial to Never Again Arch and the erection of a plaque with the names of victims who lost their lives. (556)			X					MOJ, MOTC, NCAC	No new update. Refer to p. 193 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
20.2. Memorials exist throughout the country as a way of acknowledging and remembering the victims of human rights violations.	Reparations	20.2.3. Develop a National Memorialisation Strategy. (556)			X					MOJ, NCAC	No new update. Refer to p. 194 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

21.2. The TRRC documents and materials are archived for public access and kept safe for posterity.	Institutional Reform	21.2.3. Create a new TRRC Collection curated by the National Library. (565)					X	X	X	X			MOJ, NLS	No new update. Refer to p. 197 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
THEME 22: CROSS-CUTTING ACTIVITIES															
22.1. A Special Prosecutions Office established to investigate and prosecute violations/crimes identified for prosecution by the TRRC.	Justice & Accountability	22.1.4 Acquire temporary office premises for the Special Prosecutor.					X						MOJ	Based on the information received from PTU, there's a temporary office identified at the Ministry of Justice for the special prosecution. Additionally, the government secured funding to build a permanent structure for the special prosecution, the construction of which is scheduled to commence in mid-2026.	Implemented
22.1. A Special Prosecutions Office established to investigate and prosecute violations/crimes identified for prosecution by the TRRC.	Justice & Accountability	22.1.5 Hire Special Prosecutor and set up office.					X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 201 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

22.1. A Special Prosecutions Office established to investigate and prosecute violations/crimes identified for prosecution by the TRRC.	Justice & Accountability	22.1.6 Transfer evidence and materials from TRRC to Special Prosecutor.			X						MOJ	Under the Special Prosecutor's Office Act, 2024, the government is mandated to transfer all records, data, and materials collected by the TRRC to the Special Prosecutor's Office upon the appointment of the Special Prosecutor. ²⁷ This has not been done as the Special Prosecutor is yet to be appointed.	Not Implemented
22.1. A Special Prosecutions Office established to investigate and prosecute violations/crimes identified for prosecution by the TRRC.	Justice & Accountability	22.1.7 Set up the Investigations Unit of the Special Prosecutor's Office.									MOJ, SPO, MOI, GPF	The Special Prosecutor's Office Act 2024 provides for the creation of Divisions within the Office, including an Investigations Division, ²⁸ but no confirmation has been made that this Unit is currently set up or operational. However, the MoJ is in the process of operationalising the Office, with the independent selection panel working toward appointing the Special Prosecutor.	Ongoing

²⁷ <https://moj.gov.gm/wp-content/uploads/2025/01/Final-Assent-Copy-SPO-Act-2024.pdf>

²⁸ Ibid

22.2. An internationalised judicial framework established to adjudicate the violations/crimes identified by the TRRC for prosecution.	Legal Reform	22.2.5. Carry out a review of constitution and domestic legislation to domesticate the treaty establishing the judicial mechanism.			X									MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 205 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
22.2. An internationalised judicial framework established to adjudicate the violations/crimes identified by the TRRC for prosecution.	Legal Reform	22.2.6. Acquire premises and material resources for the mechanism.												MOJ, JUDICIARY	Based on the information received from the Post TRRU Unit, the Ministry of Justice, through the Post TRRC Unit, is actively coordinating these efforts. The Government, through legal and institutional means, has established the judicial mechanism and is progressing towards fully operationalising it in line with the TRRC recommendations. The Ministry has already identified the premises and secured funds to start building, and a plan has been developed for the construction of the office of the special prosecution unit.	Ongoing

22.2. An internationalised judicial framework established to adjudicate the violations/crimes identified by the TRRC for prosecution.	Institutional Reform & Training	22.2.8. Provide specialized training (ICL, IHL, etc.) for judges and staff as needed.									MOJ, JUDICIARY	As of May 2025, Judges and staff for the judicial mechanisms responsible for implementing the TRRC recommendations—such as the Special Prosecutor’s Office, Special Tribunal, and Special Criminal Division—have not been appointed, and no formal training has begun. However, the Special Criminal Division has been created, and the Special Prosecutor’s Office Act (2024) has been enacted.	Not Implemented	
22.3. Professionally trained security forces according to international standards and human rights-compliant.	Institutional Reform & Training	22.3.1. Establish a professional training academy for members of the police, prisons and immigration officers.				X	X	X	X	X	X	MOI	No new update. Refer to p. 207 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

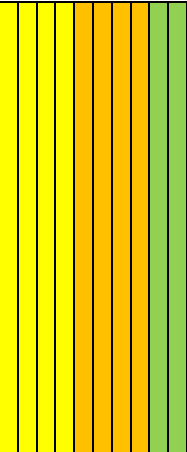
22.3. Professionally trained security forces according to international standards and human rights compliant.	Institutional Reform & Training	22.3.2. Establish professional military academy for members of the GAF.							X	X	X	X		MOD, GAF	There is no evidence that a dedicated professional military academy for the Gambia Armed Forces (GAF) has been established.	Not implemented
22.4. Coordination and collaboration within and between the implementation Steering Committee and other key stakeholders is established and maintained throughout the implementation process.	Coordination	22.4.1. Hold regular (quarterly) coordination meetings of the Steering Committee to report on progress of implementation by all members. (issue reports, address challenges, ensure coordination with other government agencies)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 209 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

22.4. Coordination and collaboration within and between the implementation Steering Committee and other key stakeholders is established and maintained throughout the implementation process.	Coordination	22.4.2. Steering Committee representative(s) hold regular (quarterly) meetings with the Development Partners Group and other key partners providing support to the post-TRRC process in The Gambia.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 210 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
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22.4. Coordination and collaboration within and between the implementation Steering Committee and other key stakeholders is established and maintained throughout the implementation process.	Coordination	22.4.3. Steering Committee representative(s) hold regular (quarterly) information/exchange sessions with the public (victims, CSOs, media, etc.).	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 211 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
22.5. There is effective communication with the public on the progress of implementation and information is easily accessible.	Outreach	22.5.3. Develop a digital platform for real time updates on the progress of implementation.		X										MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 213 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

22.6 There are sufficient resources & capacity to ensure sustainability of the implementation process.	Coordination	22.6.1. Develop a sustainability plan to ensure continuity of the implementation process.			X						MOJ, MOFEA	The 2023 Implementation Plan prioritises sustainability, emphasising that transitional justice is an ongoing effort requiring sustained commitment, resources, and institutionalisation within national systems. The plan outlines strategies for resource mobilisation, capacity building, and institution strengthening to embed the TRRC implementation structures into existing government frameworks for long-term impact. ^[1] However, there is no evidence that a sustainability Plan has been developed.	Not implemented
22.7. The Ministry of Justice and Steering Committee members have sufficient capacity to effectively fulfill their mandates under the IP.	Coordination	22.7.2. Carry out infrastructural, security and system upgrades to the ministry to ensure that the Ministry is well positioned to spearhead the implementation process.			X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 215 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

22.7. The Ministry of Justice and Steering Committee members have sufficient capacity to effectively fulfil their mandates under the IP.	Coordination	22.7.3. Implement recommendations from the needs assessment for the implementing agencies to enable them to adequately fulfil their mandates under the IP.								Steering Committee	No new update. Refer to p. 216 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing
22.7. The Ministry of Justice and Steering Committee members have sufficient capacity to effectively fulfil their mandates under the IP.	Coordination	22.7.4. Develop transport and logistics plan for the ministry through the procurement of vehicles to ensure effective monitoring across the country.		X						MOJ	No new update. Refer to p. 216 of the May 2025 report for the most recent update.	Ongoing

22.8. A strong and organized Civil Society that can advocate for effective implementation as well as serve as key partners in implementation.	Coordination	22.8.2. Develop guidelines for international NGO's and Organizations supporting the work of domestic NGOs/CSOs to ensure sustainability.		MOJ	There is no explicit mention in the available documents of developed guidelines specifically for international NGOs and organisations supporting domestic NGOs/CSOs to ensure sustainability in the TRRC process in The Gambia.	Not implemented
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